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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended:

June 30, 2008

Commission File Number: 000-11448

NEWBRIDGE BANCORP

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its Charter)

North Carolina (State of Incorporation)

1501 Highwoods Boulevard, Suite 400 Greensboro, North Carolina (Address of principal executive offices)

27410 (Zip Code)

56-1348147

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

(336) 369-0900

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \flat No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check One)

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer þ

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller Reporting Company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes o No b

At August 4, 2008, 15,655,868 shares of the registrant's common stock were outstanding.

NEWBRIDGE BANCORP

FORM 10-Q TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

<u>PART I</u> Financial Information

Item 1 Financial Statements	3
Consolidated Balance Sheets June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007	3
Consolidated Statements of Income Three Months and Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007	4
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity and Comprehensive Income Six Months Ended	
June 30, 2008 and 2007	5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007	6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	8
Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	16
Item 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	28
Item 4 Controls and Procedures	29

PART II

Other Information

Item 1 Legal Proceedings	30
Item 1A Risk Factors	30
Item 2 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	30
Item 3 Defaults Upon Senior Securities	30
Item 4 Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	30
Item 5 Other Information	30
Item 6 Exhibits	31
Exhibit 10.44	
Exhibit 10.45	
Exhibit 31.01	
Exhibit 31.02	
<u>Exhibit 32.01</u>	

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

NewBridge Bancorp and Subsidiary

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Less allowance for credit losses	45,360 13,084 1,390 27,809 206,117 1,574,141 (31,281) 1,542,860 45,564 50,312	\$ 54,011 4,678 2,173 27,901 341,522 1,490,084 (30,370)
Interest-bearing bank balances Federal funds sold Investment securities: Held to maturity, market value \$27,783 at June 30, 2008 and \$28,033 at December 31, 2007 Available for sale Loans Less allowance for credit losses Net loans Premises and equipment	13,084 1,390 27,809 206,117 1,574,141 (31,281) 1,542,860 45,564	4,678 2,173 27,901 341,522 1,490,084 (30,370)
Federal funds sold Investment securities: Held to maturity, market value \$27,783 at June 30, 2008 and \$28,033 at December 31, 2007 Available for sale Loans Less allowance for credit losses Net loans Premises and equipment	1,390 27,809 206,117 1,574,141 (31,281) 1,542,860 45,564	2,173 27,901 341,522 1,490,084 (30,370)
Investment securities: Held to maturity, market value \$27,783 at June 30, 2008 and \$28,033 at December 31, 2007 Available for sale Loans Less allowance for credit losses Net loans Premises and equipment	27,809 206,117 1,574,141 (31,281) 1,542,860 45,564	27,901 341,522 1,490,084 (30,370)
Held to maturity, market value \$27,783 at June 30, 2008 and \$28,033 at December 31, 2007 Available for sale Loans 1 Less allowance for credit losses Net loans 1 Premises and equipment	206,117 1,574,141 (31,281) 1,542,860 45,564	341,522 1,490,084 (30,370)
December 31, 2007 Available for sale Loans 1 Less allowance for credit losses Net loans 1 Premises and equipment	206,117 1,574,141 (31,281) 1,542,860 45,564	341,522 1,490,084 (30,370)
Available for sale Loans Less allowance for credit losses Net loans Premises and equipment	206,117 1,574,141 (31,281) 1,542,860 45,564	341,522 1,490,084 (30,370)
Loans [] Less allowance for credit losses [] Net loans [] Premises and equipment	1,574,141 (31,281) 1,542,860 45,564	1,490,084 (30,370)
Less allowance for credit losses	(31,281) 1,542,860 45,564	(30,370)
Premises and equipment	1,542,860 45,564	
Premises and equipment	45,564	1,459,714
		43,886
0000	50,514	50,312
Other assets	130,483	73,161
Total assets \$2	2,062,979	\$2,057,358
Liabilities		
Deposits:		
Non-interest bearing \$	176,510	\$ 175,493
Savings, NOW and money market accounts	642,065	638,023
Certificates of deposit	859,260	814,204
Total deposits	1,677,835	1,627,720
Borrowings from the Federal Home Loan Bank	103,000	118,000
Other borrowings	76,878	99,524
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	17,533	18,961
Total liabilities	1,875,246	1,864,205
Shareholders' Equity		
Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share:		
Authorized 10,000,000 shares; none issued	—	—
Common stock, par value \$5 per share:		
Authorized 50,000,000 shares; issued 15,655,868 shares at June 30, 2008 and		
15,694,068 shares at December 31, 2007	78,279	78,470
Paid-in capital	85,315	85,412
Directors' deferred compensation plan	(641)	(1,301)
Retained earnings	26,682	28,751
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(1,902)	1,821
Total shareholders' equity	187,733	193,153
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity \$2	2,062,979	\$2,057,358

^{*} Derived from audited consolidated financial statements

See notes to consolidated financial statements

NewBridge Bancorp and Subsidiary

Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited; dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30			Six Mont June		d		
		2008		2007		2008		2007
Interest Income			·					
Interest and fees on loans	\$	25,339	\$	15,660	\$	52,680	\$	30,998
Interest on investment securities:								
Taxable		3,173		1,253		6,527		2,488
Tax exempt		1,210		297		2,354		615
Interest-bearing bank balances		226		89		473		190
Federal funds sold		8		118		32		220
Total interest income		29,956		17,417		62,066		34,511
Interest Expense								
Deposits		10,845		6,319		23,022		12,335
Borrowings from the Federal Home Loan Bank		1,556		848		2,985		1,675
Other borrowings		879		2		1,918		4
Total interest expense		13,280		7,169		27,925		14,014
Net interest income		16,676		10,248		34,141		20,497
Provision for credit losses		5,567		1,191		6,026		2,148
Net interest income after provision for credit losses		11,109		9,057		28,115		18,349
Noninterest Income								
Service charges on deposit accounts		2,246		1,675		4,441		3,158
Gains on sales of mortgage loans		102		76		241		152
Gain on sales of investment securites		2,104		_		2,474		
Other operating income		2,329		1,674		4,174		3,498
Total noninterest income		6,781	_	3,425		11,330	_	6,808
Noninterest Expense								
Personnel expense		9,410		5,291		18,579		10,609
Occupancy expense		1,096		496		2,258		999
Furniture and equipment expense		1,005		593		2,126		1,192
Other operating expense		5,984		3,586		11,712		7,231
Total noninterest expense		17,495		9,966		34,675		20,031
Income before income taxes		395		2,516		4,770		5,126
Income taxes		135		807		1,500		1,647
Net Income	\$	260	\$	1,709	\$	3,270	\$	3,479
Daming and share								
Earnings per share:	¢	0.02	¢	0.20	¢	0.21	¢	0.41
Basic Diluted	\$ \$	0.02 0.02	\$ \$	0.20 0.20	\$ \$	0.21 0.21	\$ \$	0.41 0.41
Weighted average shares outstanding:								
Basic	15	655,868	8	400,721	15	,671,656	8	,408,925
Diluted		,720,286		404,524		,727,854		,408,925
See notes to consolidated financial statements								

NewBridge Bancorp and Subsidiary Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity and Comprehensive Income

Six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Unaudited; dollars in thousands)

	Common S		Paid-in	D	irectors' Deferred npensation Plan	Retained Earnings	Com	cumulated Other prehensive	Sh	Total areholders'
Balances at December 31,	Shares	Amount	Capital		riali	Lamings	IIIC	ome (loss)		Equity
2006	8,422,610	\$42,113	\$ 8,177	\$	(1,390)	\$ 42,669	\$	(2,260)	\$	89,309
Net Income	•,•==,•=•	+	+ 0,211	Ŧ	(-,-,-,)	3,479	Ŧ	(_,)	Ŧ	3,479
Change in unrealized gain on securities available for sale, net of deferred tax										
effect								(228)		(228)
Comprehensive income										3,251
Cash dividends declared on										
common stock						(2,865)				(2,865)
Stock-based compensation			00							00
expense	(21.962)	(150)	80 (316)		214					80
Common stock acquired	(31,862)	(159)		¢	314	¢ 42 002	¢.	(2, 499)	¢	(161)
Balances at June 30, 2007	8,390,748	\$41,954	\$ 7,941	\$	(1,076)	\$43,283	\$	(2,488)	\$	89,614
Balances at December 31,	15 (04.0(0	¢ 70 470	Φ OF 410	¢	(1.201)	Φ 00 7 51	¢	1.001	¢	102 152
2007	15,694,068	\$ 78,470	\$ 85,412	\$	(1,301)	\$ 28,751	\$	1,821	\$	193,153
Net Income Change in unrealized gain on securities available for sale, net of deferred income						3,270				3,270
taxes								(3,723)		(3,723)
Comprehensive income										(453)
Cash dividends declared on										(/
common stock						(5,339)				(5,339)
Stock-based compensation expense			53							53
Common stock acquired	(38,200)	(191)	(150)		660					319
Balances at June 30, 2008	15,655,868	\$ 78,279	\$ 85,315	\$	(641)	\$ 26,682	\$	(1,902)	\$	187,733

See notes to consolidated financial statements

NewBridge Bancorp and Subsidiary

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited; dollars in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30	
	2008	2007
Cash Flow from operating activities		
Net Income	\$ 3,270	\$ 3,479
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	2,284	1,116
Securities premium amortization and discount accretion, net	397	57
(Increase) decrease in loans held for sale	1,960	2,305
Deferred income taxes	(1,917)	(96)
Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable	(2,427)	(545)
(Increase) decrease in income earned but not received	2,827	(18)
Increase (decrease) in interest accrued but not paid	(1,046)	168
Net increase in other assets	3,101	(555)
Net increase in other liabilities	2,046	38
Provision for credit losses	6,026	2,148
Loss on sale of premises, equipment and other real estate	428	36
Stock based compensation	53	80
Net cash provided by operating activities	17,002	8,213
Cash Flow from investing activities		
Proceeds from maturities of securities held to maturity	_	1,964
Purchases of securities available for sale	(74,951)	(31,458)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of securities available for sale	146,915	23,494
Net increase in loans made to customers	(95,471)	(38,426)
Proceeds from sale of premises, equipment and other real estate	2,603	2
Expenditures for improvements to other real estate	(874)	
Purchases of premises and equipment	(3,700)	(1,104)
Net (increase) decrease in federal funds sold	783	(4,514)
Net cash used in investing activities	(24,695)	(50,042)
Cash Flow from financing activities		
Net increase in demand deposits, NOW, money market and savings accounts	5,059	13,618
Net increase in time deposits	45,056	21,493
Net decrease in other borrowings	(22,647)	(231)
Proceeds from borrowings from Federal Home Loan Bank	144,100	189,135
Payments on borrowings from Federal Home Loan Bank	(159,100)	(193,135)
Dividends paid	(5,339)	(2,865)
Common stock acquired	319	(161)
Net cash provided by financing activities	7,448	27,854
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(245)	(13,975)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	58,689	46,494
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		\$ 32,519
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$ 58,444	\$ 52,519

See notes to consolidated financial statements

NewBridge Bancorp and Subsidiary

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

(Unaudited; dollars in thousands)

		ths Ended e 30
	2008	2007
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information		
Cash paid during the periods for:		
Interest	\$28,971	\$13,845
Income Taxes	3,500	2,317
Supplemental disclosures of noncash transactions		
Transfer of loans to other real estate owned	\$ 3,843	\$ 1,453
Unrealized gains/(losses) on securities available for sale:		
Change in securities available for sale	(5,946)	(371)
Change in deferred income taxes	2,223	143
Change in shareholders' equity	(3,723)	(228)

NewBridge Bancorp and Subsidiary Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1 — Basis of Presentation

The accompanying interim unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. They do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2008.

NewBridge Bancorp ("Bancorp" or the "Company") is a bank holding company incorporated under the laws of North Carolina ("NC") and registered under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended (the "BHCA"). Bancorp's principal asset is stock of its banking subsidiary, NewBridge Bank (the "Bank"). Accordingly, throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, there are frequent references to the Bank.

Bancorp is the successor entity to LSB Bancshares, Inc., which was incorporated on December 8, 1982 ("LSB"). On July 31, 2007, FNB Financial Services Corporation ("FNB"), a bank holding company, also incorporated in NC and registered under the BHCA, merged with and into LSB in a merger of equals (the "Merger"). LSB's name was then changed to "NewBridge Bancorp".

The Bank, a NC chartered non-member bank, is the successor entity to Lexington State Bank ("LSB Bank"), which was incorporated on July 5, 1949. As a result of the Merger, Bancorp acquired FNB Southeast, a NC chartered member bank, the sole banking subsidiary of FNB. On November 12, 2007, FNB Southeast merged with and into LSB Bank (the "Bank Merger") and the surviving bank changed its name to "NewBridge Bank".

In accordance with purchase accounting rules, financial information presented for any date or period prior to July 31, 2007 does not include any data for FNB.

Through its branch network, the Bank provides a wide range of banking products to individuals, small to medium-sized businesses and other organizations in its market areas, including interest bearing and non-interest bearing checking accounts, certificates of deposit, individual retirement accounts, overdraft protection, personal and corporate trust services, safe deposit boxes, online banking, corporate cash management, brokerage, financial planning and asset management, mortgage loans and secured and unsecured loans.

In addition, as of June 30, 2008, the Bank also operated three active non-bank subsidiaries: Peoples Finance Company of Lexington, Inc. ("Peoples Finance"), LSB Properties, Inc. ("LSB Properties") and Prince George Court Holdings, Inc. ("Prince George"). Peoples Finance is a state licensed finance company. As a finance company, Peoples Finance offers secured and unsecured loans to individuals up to a maximum of \$30,000 secured, and \$10,000 unsecured, as well as dealer originated loans. The Company announced during the second quarter of 2008 that Peoples Finance will no longer proactively solicit new loans to the NewBridge Bank loan portfolio. As of June 30, 2008, Peoples Finance had approximately \$11.2 million of loans outstanding. LSB Properties owns the majority of other real estate of the Bank, while Prince George owns a condominium project in Georgetown, South Carolina, acquired through a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure, as described in greater detail in Item 2.- Management's

Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, under the heading "Asset Quality and Allowance for Credit losses".

The organization and business of the Company, accounting policies followed by the Company and other relevant information are contained in the notes to the consolidated financial statements in Bancorp's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 17, 2008 (SEC File No. 000-11448) ("Bancorp's 2007 Form 10-K"). This quarterly report should be read in conjunction with Bancorp's 2007 Form 10-K.

Note 2 — Acquisitions

In the Merger, each share of common stock of FNB outstanding at the effective time of the Merger was converted into the right to receive 1.07 shares of the Company's common stock. The Company issued approximately \$117 million of its common stock to FNB shareholders.

The Merger was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting and was structured to qualify as a tax-free reorganization under Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Merger resulted in \$49.8 million of goodwill and \$6.6 million of core deposit intangibles. The goodwill acquired is not tax deductible. The core deposit intangible was determined by an independent valuation and is being amortized over the estimated life of 10 years, based on undiscounted cash flows.

The table below sets forth a summary of the estimated fair values of assets and liabilities of FNB as of July 31, 2007. The Company acquired the assets and assumed the liabilities as of that same date.

(Dollars in thousands)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,803
Loans receivable, net of allowance for credit losses	632,576
Investment securities	252,223
Premises and equipment	22,523
Core deposit intangible	6,613
Goodwill	49,822
Other assets	50,184
Deposits	(734,131)
Borrowings	(161,044)
Other liabilities	(13,689)
Investment in subsidiary, net of capitalized acquisition costs	\$ 119,880

The Company's consolidated financial statements include the results of operations of FNB only from the date of acquisition. The following unaudited summary presents the consolidated results of operations of the Company on a pro forma basis for the six months ended June 30, 2007 as if FNB had been acquired on January 1, 2007. The pro forma summary information does not necessarily reflect the results of operations that would have occurred if the Merger had occurred at the beginning of the period presented, or of results which may occur in the future.

A summary of pro forma financial statements is as follows (in thousands):

	Six months ended June 30, 2007			
			Pro Forma	
	LSB	FNB	adjustments	Total
Net interest income	\$20,497	\$14,987	\$ 3,639	\$39,123
Provision for credit losses	2,148	(356)		1,792
Non-interest income	6,808	7,648	_	14,456
Non-interest expense	20,031	15,567	331	35,929
Income before income taxes	5,126	7,424	3,308	15,858
Income taxes	1,647	2,152	1,257	5,056
Net income	\$ 3,479	\$ 5,272	\$ 2,051	\$10,802

Note 3 — Net Income Per Share

Basic and diluted net income per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during each period. Diluted net income per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if stock options and restricted stock grants were exercised, resulting in the issuance of common stock sharing in the net income of the Company.

A reconciliation of the basic average common shares outstanding to the diluted average common shares outstanding is as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Mont June	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Weighted average number of common shares used in computing basic net income per share	15,655,868	8,400,721	15,671,656	8,408,925
Effect of dilutive stock options and restricted stock grants	64,418	3,803	56,198	9,175
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	15,720,286	8,404,524	15,727,854	8,418,100

Note 4 — Investment Securities (in thousands)

	June 30, 2008 — Securities Held to Maturity				
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Market	
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	
State and municipal obligations	\$27,809	\$ 350	<u>\$ (376)</u>	\$27,783	

	June 30, 2008 — Securities Available for Sale					
	Amortized	Amortized Unrealized		Market		
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value		
U.S. government agency securities	\$ 39,625	\$ 30	\$ —	\$ 39,655		
Mortgage backed securities	67,454	7	(915)	66,546		
State and municipal obligations	88,594	314	(1,570)	87,338		
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	8,247			8,247		
Other equity securities	3,775	811	(255)	4,331		
Total	\$207,695	\$ 1,162	\$ (2,740)	\$206,117		

	December 31, 2007 — Securities Held to Maturity				
	Amortized Unrealized		Unrealized	Market	
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	
State and municipal obligations	\$27,901	<u>\$ 430</u>	<u>\$ (298)</u>	\$28,033	
	Decer	nber 31, 2007 — See	curities Available fo	r Sale	
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Market	
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	
U.S. government agency securities	\$140,759	\$ 1,747	\$ (23)	\$142,483	
Mortgage backed securities	106,757	2,413	_	109,170	
State and municipal obligations	77,788	588	(416)	77,960	
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	8,906	_	_	8,906	
Other equity securities	2,944	59		3,003	
Total	\$337,154	\$ 4,807	\$ (439)	\$341,522	

The following is a schedule of securities in a loss position as of June 30, 2008 (in thousands):

	Less than 1 year 1 Ye		1 Year o	or More	То	Total	
	Market	Market	Unrealized	Market	Unrealized	Market	Unrealized
	Value	Loss	Value	Loss	Value	Loss	
U.S. government agency							
obligations	\$	\$ —	\$	\$ —	\$ —	\$	
Mortgage backed securities	_		59,358	(915)	59,358	(915)	
State and municipal obligations	1,691	(9)	62,305	(1,937)	63,996	(1,946)	
Total securities	\$ 1,691	<u>\$ (9</u>)	\$121,663	\$ (2,852)	\$123,354	\$ (2,861)	

Investment securities with an amortized cost of \$172,403,000 and \$212,260,000, as of June 30, 2008, and December 31, 2007, respectively, were pledged to secure public deposits and for other purposes. The Bank has obtained \$50,000,000 in irrevocable letters of credit, which are used in lieu of securities to pledge against public deposits.

Investment securities with a book value of \$138,341,000 were sold during the six months ended June 30, 2008 to reposition the investment portfolio. The Company recognized a gain of \$2,104,000 on the sale of those securities. In addition, the Company recognized a gain of \$370,000 from the sale of securities from the mandatory redemption of shares upon VISA Inc.'s initial public offering of stock, as described in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition. The Company did not sell any investment securities during the six months ended June 30, 2007.

Note 5 — Loans and Allowance for Credit Loss

A summary of consolidated loans follows (in thousands):

	June 30 2008	December 31 2007
Commercial	\$ 603,789	\$ 571,575
Real estate — construction	244,439	248,222
Real estate — mortgage	616,010	575,139
Installment loans to individuals	96,235	91,826
Other	13,668	3,322
Total loans, net of unearned income	\$1,574,141	\$1,490,084

At June 30, 2008, loans totaling \$10,391,000 were held for sale, and stated at the lower of cost or market on an individual basis.

Nonperforming assets are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	June 30 2008	December 31 2007
Nonaccrual loans	\$24,381	\$ 12,236
Restructured loans	267	651
Accruing loans which are contractually past due 90 days or more	1,053	72
Total nonperforming loans	25,701	12,959
Other real estate	6,201	4,280
Total nonperforming assets	\$31,902	\$ 17,239
Nonperforming loans to loans outstanding at end of period	1.63%	0.87%
Nonperforming assets to total assets at end of period	1.55%	0.84%

Impaired loans and related information are summarized in the following tables (in thousands):

	June 30 2008	December 31 2007
Loans specifically identified as impaired		
Commercial and real estate	\$57,191	\$47,133
Consumer	4,454	1,857
Total	\$61,645	\$48,990
Allowance for credit losses associated with impaired loans	\$14,462	\$11,128

	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Average balances of impaired loans	\$57,764	\$10,419	\$42,034	\$10,982
Interest income recorded for impaired loans	<u>\$ 720</u>	<u>\$ 102</u>	<u>\$ 1,323</u>	<u>\$ 261</u>

The Bank's policy for impaired loan accounting subjects all loans or loan relationships exceeding \$500,000 to impairment recognition except for large groups of smaller balance homogeneous loans such as credit card, residential mortgage and consumer loans. The Bank generally considers loans 90 days or more past due and all nonaccrual loans to be impaired.

An analysis of the changes in the allowance for credit losses follows (in thousands):

		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2008	2007	
Balance, beginning of period	\$30,370	\$ 9,564	
Provision for credit losses	6,026	2,148	
Net charge-offs	(5,115)	(1,618)	
Balance, end of period	\$31,281	\$10,094	

Note 6 — Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 157 "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"), as of January 1, 2008. SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value of assets and liabilities for financial statement purposes and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy with the highest level priority given to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The next level of priority is given to other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability while the least priority is given to unobservable inputs. The fair value measurement requirements in SFAS 157 supersedes the requirements of various other statements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") that required fair value valuation and establishes a more consistent basis for determining the fair value. SFAS 157 does not establish any new fair value measurements.

In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position ("FSP") No. 157-2, which delayed until the first quarter of 2009 the effective date of SFAS 157 for nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are not recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis. As a result, the Company does not report fair value for such assets at this time. The Company reports fair value on a limited basis, most notably for available for sale investment securities and mortgage loans held for sale. However, impairment, which could result in reporting at fair value, is considered for other purposes, including impaired loans and other than temporary impairment on held to maturity investment securities. The fair value for such impaired assets is measured on a non-recurring basis. The adoption of SFAS 157 did not result in any material effect on the Company's financial position or operating results.

The Company's nonfinancial assets and liabilities that meet the deferral criteria set forth in FSP No. 157-2 include goodwill, core deposit intangibles, net property and equipment and other real estate, which primarily represents collateral that is received in satisfaction of troubled loans. The Company does not expect that the adoption of SFAS 157 for these nonfinancial assets and liabilities will have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

The table below presents the assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis categorized by the level of inputs used in the valuation of each asset (in thousands):

June 30, 2008- Assets measured at fair value, recurring

	markets f	prices in active or identical assets Level 1)	obse	ificant other rvable inputs Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Available for sale securities	\$	118,779	\$	87,338	
Mortgage loans held for sale		_		10,391	_
Total	\$	118,779	\$	97,729	

The table below presents the assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis categorized by the level of inputs used in the valuation of each asset (in thousands):

June 30, 2008- Assets measured at fair value, non-recurring

	Quoted prices in active	Significant other	Significant
	markets for identical assets	observable inputs	unobservable inputs
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Impaired loans, net of allowance Total			$\frac{\frac{1}{100000000000000000000000000000000$

The Company has also adopted SFAS No. 159 "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities — Including an Amendment of FASB 115" ("SFAS 159"). SFAS 159 permits entities to elect to report eligible financial instruments at fair value subject to conditions stated in the pronouncement including adoption of SFAS 157 discussed above. The purpose of SFAS 159 is to improve financial reporting by mitigating volatility in earnings related to current reporting requirements. The Company adopted SFAS 159 effective January 1, 2008 and did not elect the fair value option for any asset or liability.

Note 7 — Stock Compensation Plans

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the fair value method of accounting for stock-based compensation arrangements in accordance with SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment*, ("SFAS No. 123(R)") using the modified prospective method of transition. Under the provisions of SFAS 123(R), the estimated fair value of stock-based awards granted under the LSB Comprehensive Equity Compensation Plan for Directors and Employees and the FNB Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan, discussed in Bancorp's 2007 Form 10-K, is recognized as compensation expense over the vesting period. Using the modified prospective method, compensation expense is recognized beginning with the effective date of adoption of SFAS 123(R) for all share based payments (i) granted after the effective date of adoption and (ii) granted prior to the effective date of adoption and that remain unvested on the date of adoption.

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company accounted for stock-based employee compensation plans using the intrinsic value method of accounting in accordance with APB 25 "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25"), and its related interpretations. Under the provisions of APB 25, no compensation expense was recognized when stock options were granted with exercise prices equal to or greater than market value on the date of grant.

The Company recorded \$28,000 and \$44,000 of total stock-based compensation expense for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, respectively and \$54,000 and \$80,000 of total stock-based compensation expense for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, respectively, pursuant to the provisions of SFAS 123(R). The stock-based compensation expense is calculated on a ratable basis over the vesting periods of the related options and restricted stock grants and is reported under personnel expense. This expense had no impact on the Company's reported cash flows. As of June 30, 2008, there was \$351,000 of total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense. This expense will be fully recognized by March of 2013.

For purposes of determining estimated fair value under SFAS 123(R), the Company has computed the estimated fair values of all share-based compensation using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and, for options granted prior to December 31, 2007, has applied the assumptions set forth in Bancorp's 2007 Form 10-K. During the first six months of 2008, 18,000 incentive stock options, with an average

exercise price of \$9.71, were granted to employees. The fair value of these grants is based on the following assumptions:

Dividend yield	7.40%
Risk-free interest rate	2.50%
Expected stock volatility	36.32%
Expected years until exercise	6.25

On April 14, 2008, the Company's Board of Directors awarded a total of 27,000 restricted stock units to certain executive officers. The fair value of these restricted stock units is \$8.67, which was the closing price of the Company's common stock on that date. The restricted stock units vest over a period of five years, and are subject to the Company achieving certain performance targets during the years 2008 to 2010. The stock-based compensation expense for these awards was immaterial during the second quarter of 2008.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The discussion presented herein is intended to provide an overview of the changes in financial condition and results of operations during the time periods required by Item 303 of Regulation S-K for NewBridge Bancorp ("Bancorp" or the "Company") and its wholly-owned subsidiary NewBridge Bank (the "Bank").

The consolidated financial statements also include the accounts and results of operations of the Bank's wholly-owned subsidiaries. This discussion and analysis is intended to complement the unaudited financial statements, notes and supplemental financial data in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and should be read in conjunction therewith.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements represent expectations and beliefs of Bancorp including but not limited to Bancorp's operations, performance, financial condition, growth or strategies. These forward-looking statements are identified by words such as "expects", "anticipates", "should", "estimates", "believes" and variations of these words and other similar statements. For this purpose, any statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve estimates, assumptions, risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from current projections depending on a variety of important factors, including without limitation: (1) the strength of the United States economy generally, and the strength of the local economies in which Bancorp conducts operations, may be different than expected, resulting in, among other things, a deterioration in credit quality or a reduced demand for credit, including the resultant effect on Bancorp's loan portfolio and allowance for credit losses; (2) the effects of, and changes in, trade, monetary and fiscal policies and laws, including interest rate policies of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the "Federal Reserve"); (3) inflation, deflation, interest rate, market and monetary fluctuations; (4) adverse conditions in the stock market, the public debt market and other capital markets (including changes in interest rate and market liquidity conditions) and the impact of such conditions on Bancorp's capital markets and capital management activities; (5) the timely development of competitive new products and services by Bancorp and the acceptance of these products and services by new and existing customers; (6) the willingness of customers to accept third party products marketed by Bancorp; (7) the willingness of customers to substitute competitors' products and services for Bancorp's products and services and vice versa; (8) the impact of changes in financial services' laws and regulations (including laws concerning taxes, banking and securities); (9) technological changes; (10) changes in consumer spending and saving habits; (11) the effect of corporate restructurings, acquisitions and/or dispositions, and the failure to achieve the expected revenue growth and/or expense savings from such corporate restructurings, acquisitions and/or dispositions; (12) the growth and profitability of Bancorp's noninterest income being less than expected; (13) unanticipated regulatory or judicial proceedings; (14) the impact of changes in accounting policies by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB"); (15) adverse changes in financial performance and/or condition of Bancorp's borrowers which could impact repayment of such borrowers' outstanding loans; and (16) Bancorp's success at managing the risks involved in the foregoing. Bancorp cautions that the foregoing list of important factors is not all inclusive. See also those risk factors identified in the section headed "Risk Factors", beginning on page 15 of Bancorp's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 17, 2008 ("Bancorp's 2007 Form 10-K"). Bancorp undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether written or oral, which may be made from time to time by or on behalf of Bancorp.

Introduction

Bancorp is a bank holding company incorporated under the laws of North Carolina ("NC") and registered under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended (the "BHCA"). Bancorp's principal asset is stock of its banking subsidiary, the Bank.

Bancorp is the successor entity to LSB Bancshares, Inc., which was incorporated on December 8, 1982 ("LSB"). On July 31, 2007, FNB Financial Services Corporation ("FNB"), a bank holding company, also incorporated in NC and registered under the BHCA, merged with and into LSB in a merger of equals (the "Merger"). LSB's name was then changed to "NewBridge Bancorp".

The Bank, a NC chartered non-member bank, is the successor entity to Lexington State Bank ("LSB Bank"), which was incorporated on July 5, 1949. As a result of the Merger, Bancorp acquired FNB Southeast, a NC chartered member bank, the sole banking subsidiary of FNB. On November 12, 2007, FNB Southeast merged with and into LSB Bank (the "Bank Merger") and the surviving bank changed its name to "NewBridge Bank".

In accordance with purchase accounting rules, financial information presented for any date or period prior to July 31, 2007 does not include any data for FNB.

The Company's results of operations are dependent primarily on the results of operations of the Bank and thus are dependent to a significant extent on net interest income, which is the difference between the income earned on the Bank's loan and investment portfolios and cost of funds, consisting of interest paid on deposits and borrowings. Results of operations are also affected by the Company's provision for credit losses, mortgage loan sales activities, service charges and other fee income, and noninterest expense. The Company's noninterest expense principally consists of compensation and employee benefits, office occupancy and equipment expense, data processing, professional fees, and advertising and business promotion expenses. The Company's results of operations are also significantly affected by general economic and competitive conditions, particularly changes in interest rates, government policies and actions of regulatory authorities.

The Bank faces competition in both the attraction of deposit accounts and in the origination of mortgage, commercial, and consumer loans. The most direct competition for deposits has historically derived from other commercial banks located in and around the counties in which the Bank maintains banking offices. The Bank also competes for deposits with both regional and super-regional banks, and money market instruments and mutual funds. The Bank competes for loans principally through the interest rates and loan fees it charges and the efficiency and quality of services it provides borrowers. Competition for loans also comes principally from other commercial banks, including offices of regional and super-regional banks, located in and around the areas in which the Bank maintains banking offices. Competition for deposits and loans is likely to continue to increase as a result of legislative, regulatory and technological changes and the continuing trend of consolidation in the financial services industry. Technological advances, for example, have lowered barriers to market entry, allowed banks to expand their geographic reach by providing services over the internet and made it possible for non-depository institutions to offer products and services that traditionally have been provided by banks. Legislation permits affiliation among banks, securities firms and insurance companies, and further legislation will likely continue to change the competitive environment in which the Bank does business.

The following discussion and analysis is presented on a consolidated basis and focuses on the major components of the Company's operations and significant changes in its results of operations for the periods presented. For further information, refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in Bancorp's 2007 Form 10-K.

Application of Critical Accounting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company and its subsidiary comply with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and conform to standards within the banking industry. The preparation of the financial information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q requires the Company's management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The Company's management evaluates these estimates on an ongoing basis. The following is a summary of the allowance for credit losses, one of the most complex and judgmental accounting policies of the Company.

The allowance for credit losses, which is utilized to absorb actual losses in the loan portfolio, is maintained at a level consistent with management's best estimate of probable credit losses incurred as of the balance sheet date. The Company's allowance for credit losses is also analyzed quarterly by management. This analysis includes a methodology that separates the total loan portfolio into homogeneous loan classifications for purposes of evaluating risk, as well as analysis of certain individually identified loans. The required allowance is calculated by applying a risk adjusted reserve requirement to the dollar volume of loans within a homogeneous group. Major loan portfolio subgroups include: risk graded commercial loans, mortgage loans, home equity loans, retail loans and retail credit lines. Management also analyzes the loan portfolio on an ongoing basis to evaluate current risk levels, and risk grades are adjusted accordingly. While management uses the best information to make evaluations, future adjustments may be needed if economic or other conditions differ substantially from the assumptions used.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2008 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2007

Net Interest Income

The primary source of earnings for the Bank is net interest income, which represents the dollar amount by which interest generated from earning assets exceeds the cost of funds. Earning assets consist primarily of loans and investment securities and cost of funds is the interest paid on interest-bearing deposits and borrowed funds.

Net interest income for the second quarter of 2008, on a taxable equivalent basis, was \$17.1 million, an increase of \$6.8 million or 65.6%, from \$10.3 million for the second quarter of 2007. This was primarily due to substantial increases in both earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities as a result of the Merger. Average earning assets in the second quarter of 2008 increased \$986.6 million, or 104.7%, to \$1.93 billion, compared to \$942.6 million in the second quarter of 2007. Average interest-bearing liabilities for the second quarter of 2008 increased \$930.1 million, or 116.6%, to \$1.73 billion, compared to \$797.6 million for the second quarter of 2007.

The taxable-equivalent net interest margin for the second quarter of 2008 decreased to 3.57%, compared to 4.40% for 2007, a decline of 83 basis points. The market for deposits continued to be very competitive, requiring the Bank to offer high-yield deposit products in order to attract deposits. In the second quarter of 2008, the average yield on earning assets decreased by 111 basis points from the second quarter of 2007, while the average rate on interest-bearing liabilities decreased by 52 basis points during the same time period, which resulted in a decrease in the interest rate spread in the second quarter of 2008 of 59 basis points compared to the same period of 2007.

The following table provides an analysis of average volumes, yields and rates and net interest income on a tax-equivalent basis for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

(Fully taxable equivalent basis1, in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2008		1	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007			
	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Annualized Average Yield/Rate	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Annualized Average Yield/Rate	
Earning assets:	200000	2		Dunnee	2		
Loans receivable ²	\$1,566,968	\$25,481	6.54%	\$784,526	\$15,660	8.01%	
Taxable securities	226,503	3,030	5.38	111,859	1,253	4.49	
Tax exempt securities	116,901	1,641	5.65	30,811	384	5.00	
Equity securities	11,473	164	5.75	4,564	69	6.06	
Interest-bearing bank balances	5,624	76	5.44	1,743	21	4.83	
Federal funds sold	1,705	8	1.89	9,083	118	5.21	
Total earning assets	1,929,174	30,400	6.34	942,586	17,505	7.45	
Non-earning assets:							
Cash and due from banks	40,298			29,366			
Premises and equipment	45,342			19,929			
Other assets	122,574			16,405			
Allowance for credit losses	(31,046)			(9,849)			
Total assets	\$2,106,342	\$30,400		\$998,437	\$17,505		
Interest-bearing liabilities:							
Savings deposits	\$ 42,357	\$ 16	0.15%	\$ 30,899	\$ 27	0.35%	
NOW deposits	167,952	166	0.40	129,208	212	0.66	
Money market deposits	437,839	2,288	2.10	273,8305	2,404	3.52	
Time deposits	811,557	8,375	4.15	300,997	3,676	4.90	
Other borrowings	93,568	879	3.78	722	2	1.11	
Borrowings from Federal							
Home Loan Bank	174,396	1,556	3.59	61,923	848	5.49	
Total interest-bearing							
liabilities	1,727,669	13,280	3.09	797,579	7,169	3.61	
Other liabilities and shareholders' equity:							
Demand deposits	168,535			103,9495			
Other liabilities	15,256			6,210			
Shareholders' equity	194,882			90,699			
Total liabilities and				·			
shareholders' equity	\$2,106,342	13,280		\$998,437	7,169		
Net interest income and net							
interest margin ³		\$17,120	3.57%		\$10,336	4.40%	
Interest rate spread4			3.25%			3.84%	

¹ Income related to securities exempt from federal income taxes is stated on a fully taxable-equivalent basis, assuming a federal income tax rate of 35%, and is then reduced by the non-deductible portion of interest expense. The adjustments made to convert to a fully taxable equivalent basis were \$444 for 2008 and \$88 for 2007.

² The average loans receivable balances include non-accruing loans. Amortization of loan fees, net of deferred costs, of \$833 and \$415 for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, are included in interest income.

3 Net interest margin is computed by dividing net interest income by average earning assets.

4 Earning assets yield minus interest-bearing liability rate.

5 For 2007, an average of \$49,067 of certain deposits previously reported as demand deposits have been reclassified to money market deposits.

Noninterest Income and Expense

In the second quarter of 2008, noninterest income increased to \$6.8 million, from \$3.4 million during the same period in 2007. The increase in noninterest income was primarily due to gains from the sales of investment securities of \$2.1 million during 2008, while there were no such sales in 2007. The increase was also partially due to higher service charges and other fees as a result of the additional volume of transaction accounts which were acquired in the Merger. Service charge income increased to \$2.2 million in the second quarter of 2008 from \$1.7 million in the second quarter of 2007. In addition, noninterest income in the second quarter of 2008 includes \$280,000 of income on bank-owned life insurance.

In the second quarter of 2008, noninterest expense increased to \$17.5 million from \$10.0 million in the second quarter of 2007. Personnel, occupancy and furniture and equipment expenses increased as a result of the increase in the number of personnel employed by the Company and the number of offices owned or leased as a result of the Merger. Personnel expense increased from \$5.3 million in the second quarter of 2007 to \$9.4 million in the second quarter of 2008, while occupancy expense increased from \$0.5 million to \$1.1 million and furniture and equipment expense rose from \$0.6 million to \$1.0 million. In addition, automated services expense rose from \$1.1 million in the second quarter of 2007 to \$1.5 million in the second quarter of 2008, as a result of the increased number of customer accounts being serviced, while legal and professional fees increased from \$0.5 million to \$1.2 million during the same period, primarily as a result of increased legal fees from collection efforts.

The following table presents the details of Other Operating Income and Expenses.

Other Operating Income and Expenses (dollars in thousands)

		Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	Variance
Other operating income:			
Bankcard income	\$ 679	\$ 672	1.0%
Fee income	768	564	36.2
Investment services commissions	256	242	5.8
Insurance commissions	81	57	42.7
Trust income	139	158	(12.1)
Gain (loss) on sale of real estate	(28)	(111)	NM
Income on bank-owned life insurance	280		
Other income	154	92	67.4
	\$ 2,329	1,674	39.1
Other operating expenses:			
Advertising	\$ 451	\$ 93	385.8%
Automated services	1,514	1,106	36.9
Bankcard expense	616	569	8.4
Legal and professional fees	1,210	524	130.9
Postage	255	188	35.7
Stationery, printing and supplies	274	146	87.7
OREO expense	216	99	117.8
OREO write-down	_	45	(100.0)
Other expense	1,448	816	77.4
-	\$ 5,984	\$ 3,586	66.9

Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2007

Net Interest Income

Net interest income for the first six months of 2008, on a taxable equivalent basis, was \$35.0 million, an increase of \$14.3 million or 69.1%, from \$20.7 million for the first six months of 2007. This was primarily due to substantial increases in both earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities as a result of the Merger. Average earning assets in the first six months of 2008 increased \$973.1 million, or 104.1%, to \$1.91 billion, compared to \$935.0 million in the first six months of 2007. Average interest-bearing liabilities for the first six months of 2008 increased \$916.7 million, or 115.7%, to \$1.71 billion, compared to \$792.0 million for the first six months of 2007.

The taxable-equivalent net interest margin for the first six months of 2008 decreased to 3.69%, compared to 4.46% for 2007, a decline of 77 basis points. The market for deposits continued to be very competitive, requiring the Bank to offer high-yield deposit products in order to attract deposits. In the first six months of 2008, the average yield on earning assets decreased by 85 basis points from the first six months of 2007, while the average rate on interest-bearing liabilities decreased by 27 basis points during the same time period, which resulted in a decrease in the interest rate spread in the first six months of 2008 of 58 basis points compared to the same period of 2007.

The following table provides an analysis of average volumes, yields and rates and net interest income on a tax-equivalent basis for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.



(Fully taxable equivalent basis1, in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2008			Six Months Ended June 30, 2007			
		Interest	Annualized		Interest	Annualized	
	Ave rage Balance	Income/ Expense	Average Yield/Rate	Average Balance	Income/ Expense	Average Yield/Rate	
Earning assets:		_					
Loans receivable2	\$1,539,849	\$52,681	6.88%	\$777,566	\$30,998	8.04%	
Taxable securities	236,179	6,552	5.58	110,794	2,488	4.53	
Tax exempt securities	113,645	3,180	5.63	31,542	803	5.13	
Equity securities	10,470	304	5.84	4,637	136	5.91	
Interest-bearing bank balances	5,756	147	5.14	1,968	54	5.53	
Federal funds sold	2,227	32	2.89	8,534	220	5.20	
Total earning assets	1,908,126	62,896	6.63	935,041	34,699	7.48	
Non-earning assets:							
Cash and due from banks	45,094			29,279			
Premises and equipment	45,088			20,008			
Other assets	122,270			16,482			
Allowance for credit losses	(30,593)			(9,726)			
Total assets	\$2,089,985	\$62,896		\$991,084	\$34,699		
Interest-bearing liabilities:							
Savings deposits	\$ 42,040	\$ 36	0.17%	\$ 30,500	\$ 53	0.35%	
NOW deposits	169,791	422	0.50	130,543	437	0.68	
Money market deposits	438,629	5,524	2.53	273,0185	4,734	3.50	
Time deposits	813,031	17,040	4.21	295,591	7,111	4.85	
Other borrowings	92,820	1,918	4.16	712	4	1.13	
Borrowings from Federal							
Home Loan Bank	152,420	2,985	3.94	61,680	1,675	5.48	
Total interest-bearing							
liabilities	1,708,731	27,925	3.30	792,044	14,014	3.57	
Other liabilities and shareholders' equity:							
Demand deposits	168,833			102,4815			
Other liabilities	17,303			6,089			
Shareholders' equity	195,118			90,470			
Total liabilities and	·						
shareholders' equity	\$2,089,985	27,925		\$991,084	14,014		
Net interest income and net							
interest margin3		\$34,971	3.69%		\$20,685	4.46%	
Interest rate spread4			3.33%			3.91%	

¹ Income related to securities exempt from federal income taxes is stated on a fully taxable-equivalent basis, assuming a federal income tax rate of 35%, and is then reduced by the non-deductible portion of interest expense. The adjustments made to convert to a fully taxable equivalent basis were \$830 for 2008 and \$188 for 2007.

² The average loans receivable balances include non-accruing loans. Amortization of loan fees, net of deferred costs, of \$1,593 and \$784 for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, are included in interest income.

3 Net interest margin is computed by dividing net interest income by average earning assets.

4 Earning assets yield minus interest-bearing liability rate.

⁵ For 2007, an average of \$50,430 of certain deposits previously reported as demand deposits have been reclassified to money market deposits.

Noninterest Income and Expense

In the first six months of 2008, noninterest income increased to \$11.3 million, from \$6.8 million during the same period in 2007. The increase in noninterest income was primarily due to gains from the sales of investment securities of \$2.1 million during 2008, as well as \$370,000 of gain on the sales of securities from the mandatory redemption of shares upon VISA Inc.'s initial public offering of stock. There were no such sales in 2007. The increase was also partially due to higher service charges and other fees as a result of the additional volume of transaction accounts which were acquired in the Merger. Service charge income increased to \$4.4 million in the first six months of 2008 from \$3.2 million in the first six months of 2007, an increase of \$1.2 million. In addition, noninterest income in the first six months of 2008 includes \$529,000 of income on bank-owned life insurance and, as well as a \$302,000 loss on the sale of real estate.

In the first six months of 2008, noninterest expense increased to \$34.7 million from \$20.0 million in the first six months of 2007. Personnel, occupancy and furniture and equipment expenses increased as a result of the increase in the number of personnel employed by the Company and the number of offices owned or leased as a result of the Merger. Personnel expense increased from \$10.6 million in the first six months of 2007 to \$18.6 million in the first six months of 2008, while occupancy expense increased from \$1.0 million to \$2.3 million and furniture and equipment expense rose from \$1.2 million to \$2.1 million. In addition, automated services expense rose from \$2.2 million in the first six months of 2007 to \$2.9 million in the first six months of 2008, as a result of the increased number of customer accounts being serviced, while legal and professional fees increased from \$1.1 million to \$2.2 million during the same period, primarily as a result of increased legal fees from collection efforts.

The following table presents the details of Other Operating Income and Expenses.

Other Operating Income and Expenses (dollars in thousands)

		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	Variance
Other operating income:			
Bankcard income	\$ 1,303	\$ 1,270	2.6%
Fee income	1,558	1,075	44.9
Investment services commissions	399	497	(19.7)
Insurance commissions	120	81	48.1
Trust income	283	328	(13.7)
Gain (loss) on sale of real estate	(302)	(94)	NM
Income on bank-owned life insurance	529	_	
Other income	284	341	(16.7)
	\$ 4,174	3,498	19.3
Other operating expenses:			
Advertising	\$ 908	\$ 215	322.3%
Automated services	2,894	2,184	32.5
Bankcard expense	1,180	1,079	9.4
Legal and professional fees	2,181	1,076	102.7
Postage	509	363	40.2
Stationery, printing and supplies	569	330	72.4
OREO expense	471	219	115.1
OREO write-down	_	45	(100.0)
Other expense	3,000	1,729	73.5
-	<u>\$11,712</u>	\$ 7,231	62.0

Asset Quality and Allowance for Credit losses

The Company's allowance for credit losses is analyzed quarterly by management. This analysis includes a methodology that segments the loan portfolio into homogeneous loan classifications and considers the current status of the portfolio, historical charge-off experience, current levels of delinquent, impaired and non-performing loans and their underlying collateral values, as well as economic and other risk factors. It is also subject to regulatory examinations and determinations as to adequacy, which may take into account such factors as the methodology employed and other analytical measures in comparison to a group of peer banks. Management believes the allowance for credit losses is sufficient to absorb known risk in the portfolio. The Company, like many financial institutions, will likely face a challenging credit environment in the coming months, as a result of the overall economic slowdown in the region and the nation. The majority of the Bank's loan portfolio is comprised of loans secured by real estate, and is therefore subject to risk as a result of the weakening real estate market. No assurances can be given that future economic conditions will not adversely affect borrowers and result in increases in credit losses and non-performing asset levels.

At June 30, 2008, the allowance for credit losses was \$31.3 million or 1.99% of loans outstanding compared to \$30.4 million, or 2.04% of loans outstanding at December 31, 2007, and \$10.1 million or 1.27% of loans outstanding at June 30, 2007. At June 30, 2008, the allowance for credit losses was 1.22 times nonperforming loans compared to 2.34 times at December 31, 2007 and 1.66 times at June 30, 2007. Based on analysis of the current loan portfolio and levels of current problem assets and potential problem loans, management believes the allowance for credit losses to be adequate. Additional information regarding the allowance for credit losses is presented in the table titled Asset Quality Analysis, on the following page.

The provision for credit losses charged to operations for the six months ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$6.0 million, compared to \$2.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. Net charge-offs for the six months ended June 30, 2008 were \$5.1 million, or 0.65% of average loans outstanding on an annualized basis, compared to net charge-offs of \$0.8 million, or 0.21% of average loans outstanding on an annualized basis, compared to net charge-offs of \$0.8 million, or 0.21% of average loans outstanding on an annualized basis, for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The increases from 2007 are primarily driven by deterioration in credit quality due principally to the current economic environment, as well as the increased size of the loan portfolio as a result of the Merger and increased loan production.

Nonaccrual loans totaled \$24.4 million at June 30, 2008, compared to \$12.2 million at year end 2007 and \$4.0 million at June 30, 2007. The increase from the 2007 year-end is primarily driven by the weakening real estate market, while the change from the prior year was also due to the increased size of the loan portfolio as a result of the Merger. Foreclosed real estate was \$6.2 million at June 30, 2008, \$4.3 million at December 31, 2007, and \$4.4 million at June 30, 2007. Restructured loans totaled \$267,000 at June 30, 2008, \$651,000 at December 31, 2007, and \$96,000 at June 30, 2007. Approximately \$3.8 million was transferred from loans into other real estate owned ("OREO") and approximately \$2.7 million of such assets were disposed of during the first six months of 2008. A net loss of \$302,000 has been recorded on disposition of OREO in the first six months of the current year, compared to a net loss of \$94,000 in the first six months of 2007. The Company took no writedowns of OREO during the first six months of 2008, compared to net writedowns of \$45,000 in the first six months of 2007. Total non-performing assets (comprised of nonaccrual loans, restructured loans and OREO) increased to \$31.9 million, or 1.55% of total assets, at June 30, 2008, from \$17.2 million, or 0.84% of total assets, at December 31, 2007 and \$10.5 million, or 1.03% of total assets, a year ago.

During the second quarter of 2005, Prince George Court Holdings, Inc, a subsidiary of the Bank, acquired a partially completed residential condominium development project in Georgetown, South Carolina by means of a deed in lieu of foreclosure in satisfaction of a \$3.4 million loan previously made to develop the project. Writedowns were taken for \$400,000 in 2005 and \$1.0 million in 2006. In the first quarter of 2007, the Bank began to build out the project in preparation for future sale. It is

estimated that the build out will be completed during the third quarter of 2008. In the fourth quarter of 2007, management decided to immediately make the property available for sale, and made an additional \$2.0 million writedown. The Bank continues to pursue opportunities to sell the partially completed property, if such a sale could be executed under terms favorable to the Bank. At June 30, 2008, the property is carried on the books at approximately \$1.8 million.

Asset Quality Analysis (Dollars in thousands)	 onths Ended June 30 2008	ear Ended cember 31 2007	 onths Ended June 30 2007
Allowance for credit losses:			
Beginning balance	\$ 30,370	\$ 9,564	\$ 9,564
Provision for credit losses	6,026	18,952	2,148
Net charge-offs	(5,115)	(8,456)	(1,618)
Allowance acquired via merger	 	 10,310	
Ending balance	\$ 31,281	\$ 30,370	\$ 10,094
Non performing Assets:			
Non-performing loans:			
Nonaccrual loans	\$ 24,381	\$ 12,236	\$ 3,960
Restructured loans	267	651	96
Loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing	 1,053	 72	 2,020
Total non-performing loans	25,701	12,959	6,076
Other real estate	6,201	4,280	4,392
Total non-performing assets	\$ 31,902	\$ 17,239	\$ 10,468
Asset Quality Ratios:			
Nonperforming loans to loans outstanding at end of period	1.63%	0.87%	0.76%
Nonperforming assets to total assets at end of period	1.55	0.84	1.06
Net charge-offs as a percentage of average loans outstanding during the period	0.65*	0.79	0.42*
Allowance for credit losses as a percentage of loans outstanding at	0.00	0.17	5.12
end of period	1.99	2.04	1.27
Ratio of allowance for credit losses to nonperforming loans	1.22X	2.34X	1.66X
1 0			

* Denotes annualized

Income Taxes

The Company's provision for income taxes totaled \$1.5 million for the first six months of 2008 and \$1.6 million for the same period in 2007. The decrease in the provision for 2008, compared to the prior year, results primarily from the decrease in taxable income. The Company's effective tax rate was 31.4% for the six-month period ended June 30, 2008, compared to 32.1% for the first six months of 2007. The decline in the effective rate is primarily as a result of increased interest income on investments which are exempt from federal and state income taxes.

During 2003, the Bank purchased an investment tax credit partnership interest for \$540,000. The partnership was expected to yield \$1.0 million in tax credits over the years 2003 to 2009. Actual credits applied to the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, were \$100,000 and \$102,000, respectively. The Company accounts for tax credits using the flow-through method, thereby reducing income tax expense in the year in which the credits were received.

²⁵

Risk Management

It is the design of risk management to ensure long-range profitability performance, minimize risk, adhere to proper liquidity parameters and maintain sound capital levels. To meet these objectives, the process of asset/liability management monitors the exposure to interest rate risk, balance sheet trends, pricing policies and liquidity position. Reports regarding Credit, Asset/Liability, Market, and Operational Risks are regularly provided to the Bank's Board of Directors.

Risk management practices include key elements such as independent checks and balances, formal authority limits, policies and procedures and portfolio management performed by experienced personnel.

Interest Rate Risk Management

Interest rate risk management is a part of the Bank's overall asset/liability management process. The primary oversight of asset/liability management rests with the Bank's Asset and Liability Committee, which is comprised of senior management. The Committee meets on a regular basis to review the asset/liability management activities of the Bank and monitor compliance with established policies. Activities of the Asset and Liability Committee are reported to the Risk Management Committee of the Bank's Board of Directors.

A primary objective of interest rate sensitivity management is to ensure the stability and quality of the Bank's primary earnings component, net interest income. This process involves monitoring the Bank's balance sheet in order to determine the potential impact that changes in the interest rate environment may have on net interest income. Rate sensitive assets and liabilities have interest rates that are subject to change within a specific time period, due to either maturity or to contractual agreements which allow the instruments to reprice prior to maturity. Interest rate sensitivity management seeks to ensure that both assets and liabilities react to changes in interest rates within a similar time period, thereby minimizing the risk to net interest income.

The Bank utilizes a computer based interest rate risk simulation model. This comprehensive model includes rate sensitivity gap analysis, rate shock net interest income analysis, and present value of equity analysis, under various rate shock scenarios. The Bank uses this model to monitor interest rate risk on a quarterly basis and to detect trends that may affect the overall net interest income for the Bank. This simulation incorporates the dynamics of balance sheet and interest rate changes and calculates the related effect on net interest income. As a result, this analysis more accurately projects the risk to net interest income over the upcoming twelve-month period, compared to the traditional gap analysis. The Bank's asset/liability policy provides guidance for levels of interest rate risk and potential remediations, if necessary, to mitigate excessive levels of risk. The modeling results indicate the Bank is subject to an acceptable level of interest rate risk. The Bank is asset sensitive based on the results of its simulation model, as well as actual experience, which means that falling interest rates could result in a reduced amount of net interest income. The Bank is not subject to other types of market risk, such as foreign currency exchange rate risk, commodity or equity price risk.

Liquidity Management

Liquidity management refers to the policies and practices that ensure the Bank has the ability to meet day-to-day cash flow requirements based primarily on activity in loan and deposit accounts of the Bank's customers. Deposit withdrawals, loan funding and general corporate activity create the primary needs for liquidity for the Bank. Liquidity is derived from sources such as deposit growth; maturity, calls, or sales of investment securities; principal and interest payments on loans; access to borrowed funds or lines of credit; and profits.

During the first six months of 2008, the Company had net cash provided by operating activities of \$17.0 million, compared to \$8.2 million of net cash provided by operating activities in the first six months of 2007. This change is primarily attributable to an increase in the provision for credit losses and an increase in cash received from interest income.

Net cash used in investing activities for the first six months of 2008 was \$24.7 million, compared to net cash used in investing activities in the first six months of 2007 of \$50.0 million. This change is primarily attributable to net cash received from sales of investment securities available for sale of \$72.0 million during the first six months of 2008, compared to net purchases of investment securities available for sale of \$8.0 million during the first six months of 2007. This was partially offset by a large increase in cash used to make loans to customers. The Company recorded an increase in loans made to customers of \$95.5 million dollars during the first six months of 2008, compared to an increase of \$38.4 million during the first six months of 2007.

During the six months ended June 30, 2008, financing activities provided \$7.4 million, compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$27.9 million during the same period of 2007. The change was primarily the result of borrowings from and payments to the Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB"). In the first half of 2008, the Company had net payments to the FHLB of \$15.0 million, compared to net payments to the FHLB of \$4.0 million during the first half of 2007. In addition, the Company had a decrease in other borrowings of \$22.6 million during the first six months of 2008, compared to a decrease on other borrowings of \$0.2 million during the first six months of 2008, compared to a decrease in deposits, as deposits increased by \$50.1 million during the first six months of 2008, compared to an increase of \$35.1 million during the same period of 2007.

Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$58.4 million at June 30, 2008, compared to \$58.7 million at December 31, 2007 and \$32.5 million at June 30, 2007.

The Bank also has unsecured overnight borrowing lines totaling \$62 million available through five financial institutions. There were no outstanding borrowings on these lines at June 30, 2008. These lines are used to manage the day-to-day, short-term liquidity needs of the Bank. Each overnight line has a requirement to repay the line in full on a frequent basis, typically within five to ten business days. The Bank also has established wholesale repurchase agreements with regional brokerage firms. The Bank can access this additional source of liquidity by pledging investment securities with the brokerage firms.

Liquidity is further enhanced by a line of credit with the FHLB, amounting to approximately \$276 million, collateralized by FHLB stock, investment securities, qualifying 1 to 4 family residential mortgage loans, and qualifying commercial real estate loans. FHLB advances outstanding at June 30, 2008 totaled \$103.0 million, with approximately \$173 million of unused line of credit. The Bank provides various reports to the FHLB on a regular basis to maintain the availability of the credit line. Each borrowing request to the FHLB is initiated through an advance application that is subject to approval by the FHLB before funds are advanced under the line of credit.

Capital Resources and Shareholders' Equity

Bancorp's stock repurchase program was originally announced in November 1998. It was subsequently amended and extended in August 1999, May 2004 and May 2006. On October 17, 2007, the Board of Directors of Bancorp approved a further extension through May 31, 2009, and authorized Bancorp to repurchase up to 650,000 additional shares of Bancorp's common stock under the extended program. Immediately prior to the most recent extension 135,187 shares remained available under the program for repurchase by Bancorp. Under the stock repurchase program, Bancorp may repurchase its common stock in the open market or privately negotiated transactions, depending upon market conditions and



subject to compliance with all applicable securities laws and regulations. Management believes that the stock repurchase program assists in the goal of building shareholder value and maintaining appropriate capital levels.

The Company did not repurchase any shares during the second quarter of 2008. During the first six months of 2008, the Company repurchased 38,200 shares at an average price of \$8.91.

Banks and bank holding companies, as regulated institutions, must meet required levels of capital. The Commissioner of Banks of North Carolina, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, which are the primary regulatory agencies for the Bank and the Company, have adopted minimum capital regulations or guidelines that categorize components and the level of risk associated with various types of assets. Financial institutions are required to maintain a level of capital commensurate with the risk profile assigned to their assets in accordance with the guidelines.

As shown in the accompanying table, the Company and the Bank have capital levels exceeding the minimum levels for "well capitalized" bank holding companies and banks as of June 30, 2008.

		Regulatory Capital			
	Well	Adequately			
	Capitalized	Capitalized	Company	Bank	
Total Capital	10.0%	8.0%	10.38%	10.20%	
Tier 1 Capital	6.0	4.0	9.11	8.93	
Leverage Capital	5.0	4.0	7.75	7.60	

As of June 30, 2008, the Company had approximately \$50.3 million in goodwill. In accordance with purchase accounting rules, as of July 31, 2008, the Company will evaluate the goodwill it recorded in connection with the Merger. In the event the goodwill is deemed to be impaired, it will be adjusted in the third quarter of 2008.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Market risk is the possible chance of loss from unfavorable changes in market prices and rates. These changes may result in a reduction of current and future period net interest income, which is the favorable spread earned from the excess of interest income on interest-earning assets, over interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities.

The Company considers interest rate risk to be its most significant market risk, which could potentially have the greatest impact on operating earnings. The Company is asset sensitive over the near term, which means that falling interest rates could result in a reduced amount of net interest income. The monitoring of interest rate risk is part of the Company's overall asset/liability management process. The primary oversight of asset/liability management rests with the Bank's Asset and Liability Committee. The Committee meets on a regular basis to review asset/liability activities and to monitor compliance with established policies. Activities of the Asset and Liability Committee are reported to the Risk Management Committee of the Bank's Board of Directors.

The Company has not experienced any material changes in portfolio risk since the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

The Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") and Chief Accounting Officer ("CAO"), evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of June 30, 2008. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's CEO, CFO and CAO each concluded that as of June 30, 2008, the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the Company maintained effective disclosure controls and procedures.

Changes in internal control over financial reporting

There have been no changes to the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2008 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Not applicable.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the Company's Risk Factors as previously disclosed in Bancorp's 2007 Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

There were no sales of unregistered equity securities during the second quarter of 2008. The Company did not repurchase any shares during the second quarter of 2008.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

On May 13, 2008, at the Annual Meeting of the Company's shareholders, the following proposals were voted on by shareholders:

Proposal

To elect four persons who will serve as members of the Board of Directors until the 2009 annual meeting of shareholders or until their successors are duly elected and qualified:

		Against or		
Nominee	For	Withheld	Abstentions	Broker Non-Votes
Gary G. Blosser	12,143,243	506,428	0	0
Burr W. Sullivan	12,116,083	533,588	0	0
John F. Watts	12,157,184	492,487	0	0
Kenan C. Wright	12,182,381	467,290	0	0

The following directors remain in office: Michael S. Albert, J. David Branch, C. Arnold Britt, Robert C. Clark, Alex A. Diffey, Jr., Barry Z. Dodson, Joseph H. Kinnarney, Robert F. Lowe, Robert V. Perkins, Pressley A. Ridgill, Mary E. Rittling, E. Reid Teague, John W. Thomas III, Elizabeth S. Ward, G. Alfred Webster and Julius S. Young, Jr.

Proposal

To ratify the appointment of Grant Thornton LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2008:

	Against or		
For	Withheld	Abstentions	Broker Non-Votes
12,211,547	242,103	196,021	0

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Articles of Incorporation, and amendments thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Registration Statement on Form S-8, filed with the SEC on May 16, 2001 (SEC File No. 333-61046).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004, filed with the SEC on November 4, 2004 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
3.3	Amendments to Amended and Restated Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Item 5.03 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on August 3, 2007 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
3.4	Articles of Merger of FNB with and into LSB, including amendments to the Articles of Incorporation, as amended, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2007, filed with the SEC on November 9, 2007 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
4.1	Specimen certificate of common stock, \$5.00 par value, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2007, filed with the SEC on November 9, 2007 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
4.2	Rights Agreement dated as of February 10, 1998 by and between LSB and Wachovia Bank, N.A., as Rights Agent, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1 of the Registration Statement on Form 8-A filed with the SEC on March 6, 1998 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
4.3	Amended and Restated Trust Agreement, regarding Trust Preferred Securities, dated August 23, 2005, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.02 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2005, filed with the SEC (SEC File No. 000-13086).
4.4	Guarantee Agreement, regarding Trust Preferred Securities, dated August 23, 2005, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.03 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2005, filed with the SEC (SEC File No. 000-13086).
4.5	Indenture, regarding Trust Preferred Securities, dated August 23, 2005, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.04 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2005, filed with the SEC (SEC File No. 000-13086).
10.1	Benefit Equivalency Plan of FNB Southeast, effective January 1, 1994 which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 1995, filed with the SEC (SEC File No. 000-13086).
10.2	1994 Director Stock Option Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4 of the Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed with the SEC on July 15, 1994 (SEC File No. 33-81664).
10.3	1996 Omnibus Stock Incentive Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1995 filed with the SEC on March 28, 1996 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.4	Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(B) of the Annual Report on Form 10-KSB40 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1996, filed with the SEC on March 31, 1997 (SEC File No. 000-13086).
10.5	Amendment to Benefit Equivalency Plan of FNB Southeast, effective January 1, 1998., which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1998, filed with the SEC on March 25, 1999 (SEC File No. 000-13086)
10.6	Amendment Number 1 to 1996 Omnibus Stock Incentive Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.5 of the Registration Statement on Form S-8, filed with the SEC on May 16, 2001 (SEC File No. 333-61046).
10.7	Long Term Stock Incentive Plan for certain senior management employees of FNB Southeast which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002, filed with the

SEC on March 27, 2003 (SEC File No. 000-13086).

- 10.8 LSB Comprehensive Equity Compensation Plan for Directors and Employees, which is incorporated by reference to Appendix VI of the 2003 Proxy Statement filed with the SEC on March 16, 2004 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.9 Form of Stock Option Award Agreement for a Director adopted under LSB Comprehensive Equity Compensation Plan for Directors and Employees, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 23, 2004 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.10 Form of Incentive Stock Option Award Agreement for an Employee adopted under LSB Comprehensive Equity Compensation Plan for Directors and Employees, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 23, 2004 (SEC File No. 000-11448).

Exhibit No. 10.11 Description Employment Continuity Agreement effective as of January 1, 2004 between LSB and Robert F. Lowe, which is

- 10.11 Employment Continuity Agreement effective as of January 1, 2004 between LSB and Robert F. Lowe, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 filed with the SEC on March 15, 2004 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.12 Form of Director Fee Deferral Agreement adopted under LSB Comprehensive Equity Compensation Plan for Directors and Employees, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 29, 2004 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.13 Form of Employment Continuity Agreement effective as of January 1, 2004 between LSB and Robert E. Lineback, Jr. and Philip G. Gibson with a Schedule setting forth the material details in which such documents differ from the document a copy of which is filed, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 filed with the SEC on March 15, 2004 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.14 Form of Employment Continuity Agreement effective as of January 1, 2004 between LSB and Ronald E. Coleman, D. Gerald Sink, Robin A. Huneycutt and Ronald W. Sink with a Schedule setting forth the material details in which such documents differ from the document a copy of which is filed, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 filed with the SEC on March 15, 2004 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.15 Employment Continuity Agreement effective as of August 16, 2004 between LSB and David P. Barksdale, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 filed with the SEC on March 11, 2005 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.16 April 11, 2005 Amendment to LSB Comprehensive Equity Compensation Plan for Directors and Employees, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 15, 2005 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.17 Form of Amendment to the applicable Grant Agreements under the 1996 Omnibus Stock Incentive Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 15, 2005 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.18 Form of Amendment to the Incentive Stock Option Award Agreement for an Employee adopted under LSB Comprehensive Equity Compensation Plan for Directors and Employees, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 15, 2005 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.19 Restated Form of Director Fee Deferral Agreement adopted under LSB Comprehensive Equity Compensation Plan for Directors and Employees, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 23, 2005 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.20 Form of Stock Appreciation Rights Award Agreement adopted under LSB Comprehensive Equity Compensation Plan for Directors and Employees, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 23, 2005 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.21 LSB Management Incentive Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.3 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 23, 2005 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.22 2006 LSB Bank Director Compensation Schedule, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.4 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 23, 2005 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.23 Employment Agreement dated January 25, 2007, between FNB and FNB Southeast, as employer, and Pressley A. Ridgill, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Bank and President of Bancorp, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 30, 2007 (SEC File No. 000-13086).
- 10.24 Agreement and Plan of Merger by and between LSB and FNB, which is incorporated by reference as Exhibit 2.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 27, 2007 (SEC File No. 000-11448).

- 10.25 Agreement and Plan of Bank Merger by and between FNB Southeast, LSB Bank, LSB and FNB, which is incorporated by reference as Exhibit 2.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 27, 2007 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.26 Change of Control Severance Plan of FNB Southeast which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on May 25, 2005 (SEC File No. 000-13086).
- 10.27 NewBridge Bancorp Amended and Restated Long Term Stock Incentive Plan, formerly the "FNB Long Term Stock Incentive Plan" (the "2006 Omnibus Plan"), which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 9, 2008 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.28 Amendment and Waiver to Employment and Change of Control Agreement, among FNB, FNB Southeast and Pressley A. Ridgill which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 of the Registration Statement on Form S-4 POS filed with the SEC on June 18, 2007 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
- 10.29 Amendment and Waiver to Employment Continuity Agreement, between LSB and David P. Barksdale which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.30 of the Registration Statement on Form S-4 POS filed with the SEC on

Exhibit No	Description
No.	June 18, 2007 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.30	Employment and Change of Control Agreement among Bancorp, LSB Bank and Michael Shelton, dated September 27, 2007 which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 1, 2007 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.31	Long Term Management Incentive Plan of FNB Southeast which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.23 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, filed with the SEC on March 23, 2006 (SEC File No. 000-13086).
10.32	FNB Amended and Restated Directors Retirement Policy, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on August 3, 2007 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.33	Amendment to the FNB Directors and Senior Management Deferred Compensation Plan Trust Agreement among Regions Bank d/b/a/ Regions Morgan Keegan Trust, FNB Southeast and FNB, dated July 31, 2007, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on August 3, 2007 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.34	Employment and Change of Control Agreement with William W. Budd, Jr. which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 14, 2008 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.35	Employment and Change of Control Agreement with Richard Balentine, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 14, 2008 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.36	Employment and Change of Control Agreement with Jerry W. Beasley, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.3 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 14, 2008 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.37	Employment and Change of Control Agreement with Robin S. Hager, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.4 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 14, 2008 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.38	Employment and Change of Control Agreement with Paul McCombie, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.5 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 14, 2008 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.39	Employment and Change of Control Agreement with George Richard Webster, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.6 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 14, 2008 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.40	Directors and Senior Management Deferred Compensation Plan Trust Agreement between FNB Southeast and Morgan Trust Company, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.7 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 14, 2008 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.41	Second Amendment to the Directors and Senior Management Deferred Compensation Plan and Directors Retirement Policy Trust Agreement among Regions bank d/b/a/ Regions Morgan Keegan Trust, Bancorp and the Bank, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.8 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 14, 2008 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.42	Bancorp Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors and Senior Management, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.9 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 14, 2008 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.43	First Amendment to the Bancorp Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors and Senior Management, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.10 of the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 14, 2008 (SEC File No. 000-11448).
10.44	Amended and Restated Comprehensive Equity Compensation Plan for Directors and Employees.

10.45 Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement adopted under the Amended and Restated Comprehensive Equity Compensation Plan for Directors and Employees.

- 31.01 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.02 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.01 Certifications Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 11, 2008

NEWBRIDGE BANCORP (Registrant)

By: <u>/s/ Michael W. Shelton</u> Name: Michael W. Shelton Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Authorized Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
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31.02	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of SOX.
32.01	Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of SOX.