

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended [September 30, 2008](#)

Commission file number [2-78572](#)

UNITED BANCORPORATION OF ALABAMA, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

[Delaware](#)

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

63-0833573

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

200 East Nashville Avenue, Atmore, Alabama

(Address of principal executive offices)

36502

(Zip Code)

[\(251\)](#) 446-6000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether [the registrant](#) (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that [the registrant](#) was required to file such report(s)), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether [the registrant](#) is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller Reporting Company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether [the registrant](#) is a shell company (as define in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of [November 10, 2008](#).

Class A Common Stock
Class B Common Stock

2,256,709 Shares
-0- Shares

UNITED BANCORPORATION OF ALABAMA, INC.

FORM 10-Q

For the Quarter Ended [September 30, 2008](#)

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION
United Bancorporation of Alabama, Inc.
and Subsidiary

Consolidated Balance Sheets

Item 1. Financial Statements

	September 30, <u>2008</u> (Unaudited)	<u>December 31,</u> 2007
Assets		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 12,244,620	\$ 17,571,893
Interest bearing deposits in banks	9,011,933	31,547,422
Federal funds sold	6,000,000	5,000,000
Cash and cash equivalents	27,256,553	54,119,315
Securities available for sale (amortized cost of \$111,450,844 and \$111,718,759 respectively)	111,175,113	111,945,701
Security held to maturity (market values of \$1,050,000 and \$0 respectively)	1,050,000	0
Loans	294,176,681	267,137,723
Less: Allowance for loan losses	3,150,997	3,981,922
Net loans	291,025,684	263,155,801
Premises and equipment, net	18,586,469	16,808,578
Interest receivable	3,323,779	3,952,077
Intangible assets	934,763	934,763
Other assets	10,753,108	6,385,725
Total assets	<u>464,105,469</u>	<u>457,301,960</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Deposits:		
Non-interest bearing	61,045,352	62,854,927
Interest bearing	295,048,307	306,047,638
Total deposits	<u>356,093,659</u>	<u>368,902,565</u>
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	61,766,047	41,203,851
Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta	1,634,850	1,774,700
Treasury, tax, and loan account	247,128	691,668
Interest payable	922,770	1,161,362
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,311,870	1,336,424
Note payable to Trust	10,310,000	10,310,000
Total liabilities	<u>432,286,324</u>	<u>425,380,570</u>
Stockholders' equity		
Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value. Authorized 5,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding, 2,388,125 and 2,383,097 shares in 2008 and 2007, respectively	23,881	23,831
Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value. Authorized 250,000 shares; no shares issued or outstanding	0	0
Preferred stock of \$0.01 par value. Authorized 250,000 shares; no shares issued or outstanding	0	0
Additional paid in capital	6,063,682	5,916,367
Unearned stock based compensation	(100,101)	(51,403)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) net of tax	(176,799)	122,105
Retained earnings	26,828,638	26,700,500
	32,639,301	32,711,400
Less: 133,006 and 134,654 treasury shares, at cost, respectively	820,156	790,010
Total stockholders' equity	<u>31,819,145</u>	<u>31,921,390</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 464,105,469</u>	<u>\$ 457,301,960</u>

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

**United Bancorporation of Alabama, Inc.
And Subsidiary**

**Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income
(Unaudited)**

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Interest income:				
Interest and fees on loans	\$ 5,207,737	\$ 5,616,402	\$ 15,230,042	\$ 16,188,641
Interest on investment securities available for sale:				
Taxable	771,681	839,446	2,476,620	2,883,701
Nontaxable	333,840	369,901	1,029,517	1,067,981
Total investment income	1,105,521	1,209,347	3,506,137	3,951,682
Other interest income	83,169	52,897	484,905	652,971
Total interest income	<u>6,396,427</u>	<u>6,878,646</u>	<u>19,221,084</u>	<u>20,793,294</u>
Interest expense:				
Interest on deposits	2,276,454	2,731,059	7,245,415	7,661,024
Interest on other borrowed funds	341,195	781,254	1,293,213	2,604,000
Total interest expense	<u>2,617,649</u>	<u>3,512,313</u>	<u>8,538,628</u>	<u>10,265,024</u>
Net interest income	3,778,778	3,366,333	10,682,456	10,528,270
Provision for loan losses	<u>750,000</u>	<u>240,000</u>	<u>1,490,000</u>	<u>630,000</u>
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	<u>3,028,778</u>	<u>3,126,333</u>	<u>9,192,456</u>	<u>9,898,270</u>
Noninterest income:				
Service charge on deposits	885,734	807,481	2,550,913	2,147,783
Investment securities losses, net	(238)	—	(177)	(306)
Mortgage loan and related fees	31,653	55,772	150,524	169,879
Other	212,722	204,798	686,322	585,560
Total noninterest income	<u>1,129,871</u>	<u>1,068,051</u>	<u>3,387,582</u>	<u>2,902,916</u>
Noninterest expense:				
Salaries and benefits	2,186,778	2,118,849	6,411,926	6,255,238
Net occupancy expense	725,162	665,035	2,109,184	1,885,163
Other	1,322,475	1,099,973	3,664,234	3,268,264
Total noninterest expense	<u>4,234,415</u>	<u>3,883,857</u>	<u>12,185,344</u>	<u>11,408,665</u>
Earnings before income tax expense (benefits)	(75,766)	310,527	394,694	1,392,521
Income tax expense (benefits)	<u>(166,192)</u>	<u>(6,461)</u>	<u>(240,273)</u>	<u>160,347</u>
Net earnings	<u>\$ 90,426</u>	<u>\$ 316,988</u>	<u>\$ 634,967</u>	<u>\$ 1,232,174</u>
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.55
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.55
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	<u>2,252,698</u>	<u>2,239,815</u>	<u>2,251,078</u>	<u>2,237,323</u>
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	<u>2,259,767</u>	<u>2,246,461</u>	<u>2,258,147</u>	<u>2,243,969</u>
Cash dividend per share	<u>\$ 0.08</u>	<u>\$ 0.08</u>	<u>\$ 0.23</u>	<u>\$ 0.23</u>
Statement of Comprehensive Income				
Net earnings	\$ 90,426	\$ 316,988	\$ 634,967	\$ 1,232,174
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
Unrealized holding gain (losses) arising during the period	(157,301)	901,200	(299,010)	128,457
Reclassification adjustment for losses included in net earnings	143	—	106	184
Comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ (66,732)</u>	<u>\$ 1,218,188</u>	<u>\$ 336,063</u>	<u>\$ 1,360,815</u>

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

United Bancorporation of Alabama, Inc. and Subsidiary

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30	
	2008	2007
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net earnings	\$ 634,967	\$ 1,232,174
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities		
Provision for loan losses	1,490,000	630,000
Depreciation of premises and equipment	992,540	826,626
Net amortization (accretion) of discount on investment securities	(796,266)	187,457
Loss on sales of investment securities available for sale, net	177	306
(Gain) loss on sale of other real estate	1,045	(28,016)
Writedown of other real estate	85,000	—
Stock-based compensation	21,307	4,268
Gain on disposal of equipment	(14,316)	(3,435)
(Increase) decrease in interest receivable	628,298	(381,906)
Decrease in other assets	243,236	326,072
Increase (decrease) in interest payable	(238,592)	161,569
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities	(25,055)	542,215
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>3,022,341</u>	<u>3,497,330</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from maturities, calls, and principal repayments of investment securities available for sale	1,032,513,350	104,585,075
Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale	12,492,231	16,958,673
Purchases of investment securities available for sale	(1,043,937,077)	(109,984,970)
Purchase of investment security held to maturity	(1,050,000)	—
Net increase in loans	(33,970,557)	(17,614,920)
Purchases of premises and equipment, net	(2,779,715)	(4,561,036)
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment	23,600	16,238
Insurance claim received	—	1,038,775
Proceeds from sale of other real estate	113,279	173,016
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(36,594,889)</u>	<u>(9,389,149)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net decrease in deposits	(12,808,906)	(98,614)
Net increase (decrease) in securities sold under agreements to repurchase	20,562,196	(13,779,024)
Cash dividends	(506,328)	(561,758)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	9,986	22,400
Proceeds from sale of common stock	6,732	—
Purchase of treasury stock	(63,019)	—
Proceeds from sale of treasury stock	93,515	125,530
Repayments of advances from FHLB Atlanta	(139,850)	(5,139,850)
Decrease in other borrowed funds	(444,540)	(345,526)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>6,709,786</u>	<u>(19,776,842)</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(26,862,762)	(25,668,661)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	54,119,315	51,204,246
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 27,256,553</u>	<u>\$ 25,535,585</u>
Supplemental disclosures		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 8,777,220	\$ 10,103,455
Income taxes	83,171	94,454
Noncash transactions		
Transfer of loans to other real estate through foreclosure	\$ 4,610,674	\$ 205,000

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

UNITED BANCORPORATION OF ALABAMA, INC.
AND SUBSIDIARY

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 1 — General

This report includes interim consolidated financial statements of United Bancorporation of Alabama, Inc. (the “*Corporation*”) and its wholly-owned subsidiary, United Bank (the “*Bank*”). The interim consolidated financial statements in this report have not been audited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position and the results of operations for the interim periods have been made. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The results of operations are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full year or any other interim periods. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes included in the Corporation’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended [December 31, 2007](#).

NOTE 2 — Net Earnings per Share

Basic net earnings per share were computed by dividing net earnings by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the three and nine month periods ended [September 30, 2008](#) and [2007](#). Common stock outstanding consists of issued shares less treasury stock. Diluted net earnings per share for the three and nine month periods ended [September 30, 2008](#) and [2007](#) were computed by dividing net earnings by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and the dilutive effects of the shares subject to options and restricted stock grants awarded under the Corporation's equity incentive plans, based on the treasury stock method using an average fair market value of the stock during the respective periods. Presented below is a summary of the components used to calculate diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended [September 30, 2008](#) and [2007](#):

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.04</u>	<u>\$ 0.14</u>	<u>\$ 0.28</u>	<u>\$ 0.55</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding	2,252,698	2,239,815	2,251,078	2,237,323
Effect of the assumed exercise of stock options based on the treasury stock method using average market price	<u>7,069</u>	<u>6,646</u>	<u>7,069</u>	<u>6,646</u>
Total weighted average common shares and potential common stock outstanding	<u>2,259,767</u>	<u>2,246,461</u>	<u>2,258,147</u>	<u>2,243,969</u>

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NOTE 3 — Allowance for Loan Losses

The following table summarizes the activity in the allowance for loan losses for the nine month periods ended September 30 (\$ in thousands):

	September 30	
	2008	2007
Balance at beginning of year	3,982	3,011
Provision charged to expense	1,490	630
Loans charged off	(2,361)	(355)
Recoveries	40	23
Balance at end of period	<u>3,151</u>	<u>3,309</u>

At [September 30, 2008](#) and [2007](#), the amounts of nonaccrual loans were \$6,488,722 and \$6,980,236 respectively.

NOTE 4 — Operating Segments

Statement of Financial Accounting Standard 131 (SFAS 131), “*Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information*,” establishes standards for the disclosure made by public business enterprises to report information about operating segments in annual financial statements and requires those enterprises to report selected information about operating segments in interim financial reports issued to shareholders. It also establishes standards for related disclosures about products and services, geographic areas, and major customers. The Corporation operates in only one segment – commercial banking.

NOTE 5 — Stock Based Compensation

At [September 30, 2008](#), the Corporation had two stock-based compensation plans, the 1998 Stock Option Plan and the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan, which are described more fully in Note 12 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the Corporation’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended [December 31, 2007](#). Effective [January 1, 2006](#), the Corporation adopted SFAS 123R, *Share-Based Payment*, whereby compensation cost is recognized for all stock-based payments based upon the grant-date fair value.

[Table of Contents](#)*Stock Options*1998 Stock Option Plan

The following table represents stock option activity for the nine months ended [September 30, 2008](#):

	<u>Shares under option</u>	<u>Weighted average exercise price per share</u>	<u>Weighted average remaining contractual life</u>
Options outstanding, beginning of period	53,600	\$ 14.38	
Granted	—	—	
Surrendered	—	—	
Exercised	(634)	15.75	
Options outstanding, end of period	<u>52,966</u>	14.36	<u>2.9</u>
Exercisable, end of period	<u>50,966</u>	14.83	<u>2.7</u>

The following table displays information pertaining to the intrinsic value of option shares outstanding and exercisable for the periods ended [September 30, 2008](#) and [2007](#), respectively.

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Aggregate intrinsic value of outstanding options	\$48,461	\$301,237
Aggregate intrinsic value of exercisable options	\$48,461	\$290,037

Shares available for future stock option grants to employees and directors under the 1998 Stock Option Plan of United Bancorporation of Alabama, Inc. were 170,400 at [September 30, 2008](#). The Corporation does not intend to issue additional options under the 1998 Stock Option Plan.

2007 Equity Incentive Plan

The following table represents stock option activity for the nine months ended [September 30, 2008](#):

	<u>Shares under option</u>	<u>Weighted average exercise price per share</u>	<u>Weighted average remaining contractual life</u>
Options outstanding, beginning of period	2,000	\$ 18.50	
Granted	—	—	
Surrendered	—	—	
Exercised	—	—	
Options outstanding, end of period	<u>2,000</u>	18.50	<u>9.2</u>
Exercisable, end of period	<u>400</u>	18.50	<u>9.2</u>

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The shares outstanding and exercisable under the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan had no intrinsic value as of [September 30, 2008](#) as the fair market value was equal to or less than the exercise price.

The Corporation did not issue any stock options during the nine months ended [September 30, 2008](#).

Cash received from the exercise of stock options was \$ 9,986 for the nine months ended [September 30, 2008](#).

Restricted Stock

The following table represents restricted stock activity under the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan for the nine months ended [September 30, 2008](#):

	Restricted stock activity	Weighted average fair value
Shares granted at beginning of period	5,626	\$18.00
Granted	4,459	16.51
Surrendered	(505)	18.00
Vested	<u>(2,620)</u>	18.00
Shares granted at end of period	<u>6,960</u>	17.05

Shares available for future stock grants to employees and directors under the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan of United Bancorporation of Alabama, Inc. were 296,420 at [September 30, 2008](#).

As of [September 30, 2008](#), there was \$117,290 of total unrecognized compensation costs related to the nonvested share based compensation arrangements granted under the 1998 and 2007 Plans. That cost is expected to be recognized over a period of approximately 3.3 years.

NOTE 6 — Fair Value Measurements

On [January 1, 2008](#), the Corporation adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (“SFAS No. 157”). SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 applies to reported balances that are required or permitted to be measured at fair value under existing accounting pronouncements; accordingly, the standard does not require any new fair value measurements of reported balances. On [February 12, 2008](#), the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Staff Position 157-2 which defers the effective date of SFAS No. 157 for certain nonfinancial assets and liabilities to fiscal years beginning after [November 15, 2008](#). All other provisions of SFAS No. 157 are effective for fiscal years beginning after [November 15, 2007](#) and interim periods within those fiscal years.

On [October 10, 2008](#), the FASB issued FSP FAS 157-3, “*Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market for that Asset Is Not Active*.” This FSP clarifies the application of SFAS No. 157 in a market that is not active and reiterates that the results of distressed sales or forced liquidations are not determinative when measuring fair value. It emphasizes that when determining fair value, the use of management’s internal assumptions concerning future cash flows discounted at an appropriate risk-adjusted interest rate is acceptable when relevant observable market data do not exist. In some situations, multiple inputs from a variety of sources may provide the best evidence of fair value. The FSP also describes how the use of broker quotes should be considered when assessing the relevance of observable and unobservable inputs.

As defined in SFAS No. 157, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, the Corporation uses various methods including market, income and cost approaches. Based on these approaches, the Corporation often utilizes certain assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk and / or the risks inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. These inputs can be readily observable, market corroborated, or generally unobservable inputs. The Corporation utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Based on the observability of the inputs used in the valuation techniques the Corporation is required to provide the following information according to the fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value will be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- **Level 1** — Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 1 assets and liabilities include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market, as well as U.S. Treasury securities that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.
- **Level 2** — Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. Level 2 assets and liabilities include debt securities with quoted prices that are traded less frequently than exchange-traded instruments, as well as U.S. Government and agency mortgage-backed debt securities whose value is determined using a pricing model with inputs that are observable in the market or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- **Level 3** — Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying balance sheet, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Available-for-Sale Securities

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 securities would include highly liquid government bonds and exchange traded equities. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows. Level 2 securities include U.S. agency securities, mortgage-backed agency securities, obligations of states and political subdivisions and certain corporate, asset backed and other securities. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. Currently, all of the Corporation's available-for-sale securities are considered to be Level 2 securities.

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and recognized in the accompanying balance sheet, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Impaired Loans

Loan impairment is reported when full payment under the loan terms is not expected. Impaired loans are carried at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the loan's existing rate, or the fair value of collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. A portion of the allowance for loan losses is allocated to impaired loans if the value of such loans is deemed to be less than the unpaid balance. If these allocations cause the allowance for loan losses to require increase, such increase is reported as a component of the provision for loan losses. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectability of a loan is confirmed. During the first nine months of 2008, certain impaired loans were partially charged-off or re-evaluated for impairment resulting in a remaining balance for these loans, net of specific allowances, of \$7,997,804 as of [September 30, 2008](#). This valuation would be considered Level 3, consisting of appraisals of underlying collateral and discounted cash flow analysis.

Other Real Estate Owned

Other real estate assets acquired through or in lieu of foreclosure are held for sale and are initially recorded at the lower of cost or fair value. Any write-downs to fair value at the time of transfer to foreclosed assets are charged to the allowance for loan losses. Subsequent to foreclosure, valuations are periodically performed by management and the assets are carried at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. This valuation process would be considered Level 3, consisting of appraisals of real estate collateral. At [September 30, 2008](#), the Corporation had \$4,962,126 of other real estate owned.

In February, 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115*. SFAS 159 allows companies to report selected financial assets and liabilities at fair value. The changes in fair value are recognized in earnings and the assets and liabilities measured under this methodology are required to be displayed separately in the balance sheet. While SFAS 159 is effective for the Corporation beginning [January 1, 2008](#), the Corporation has not elected the fair value option that is offered by this statement.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Statements

When used or [incorporated by reference](#) herein, the words “*anticipate*”, “*estimate*”, “*expect*”, “*project*”, “*target*”, “*goal*”, and similar expressions, are intended to identify forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933. Such forward-looking statements are subject to certain risk, uncertainties, and assumptions including those set forth herein. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those expected or projected. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. The Corporation expressly disclaims any obligations or undertaking to publicly release any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein to reflect any change in the Corporation's expectations with regard to any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require management to make estimates and assumptions. Management believes that its determination of the allowance for loan losses is a critical accounting policy and involves a higher degree of judgment and complexity than the Bank's other significant accounting policies. Further, these estimates can be materially impacted by changes in market conditions or the actual or perceived financial condition of the Bank's borrowers, subjecting the Bank to significant volatility of earnings.

The allowance for loan losses is regularly evaluated by management and reviewed by the Board of Directors for accuracy by taking into consideration factors such as changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio; trends in actual and forecasted portfolio credit quality, including delinquency, charge-off and bankruptcy rates; and current economic conditions that may affect a borrower's ability to pay. The use of different estimates or assumptions could produce different provisions for loan losses. The allowance for credit losses is established through the provision for loan losses, which is a charge against earnings.

The estimation of fair value is significant to a number of the Corporation's assets, including, but not limited to, investment securities, other real estate, intangible assets and other repossessed assets. Investment securities are recorded at fair value while other real estate, intangible assets and other repossessed assets are recorded at either cost or fair value, whichever is lower. Fair values for investment securities are based on quoted market prices, and if not available, quoted prices on similar instruments. The fair values of other real estate and repossessions are typically determined based on third-party appraisals less estimated costs to sell. Intangible assets, such as the charter cost, discussed in [Intangible Assets](#) below, are periodically evaluated to determine if any impairment might exist.

The estimation of fair value and subsequent changes to fair value of investment securities, other

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real estate, repossessions and intangible assets can have a significant impact on the value of the Corporation, as well as have an impact on the recorded values and subsequently reported net income.

Changes in interest rates are the primary determining factor in the fair value of investment securities, and the value at which these assets are reported in the Corporation's financial statements. Local economic conditions are often the key factor in the valuation of other real estate and repossessed assets. Changes in these factors can cause assets to be written down and have an impact on the financial results. The overall financial condition and results of operations of the banking unit is the primary determinant as to the value of recorded intangible assets.

Results of Operations

The following financial review is presented to provide an analysis of the results of operations of the Corporation and the Bank for the three and nine months ended [September 30, 2008](#) and [2007](#), compared. This review should be used in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements included in the Form 10-Q.

Nine Months Ended [September 30, 2008](#) and [2007](#), Compared

Summary

Net income for the nine months ended [September 30, 2008](#) was \$634,967, a decrease of \$597,207, or 48.5%, from the same period in 2007. The primary reasons for the decrease were an increase in the provision for loan losses and increased operating expenses. Both of these items are discussed in detail below.

Net Interest Income

In comparison to the first nine months of 2007, total interest income in the 2008 period was \$19,221,084, a decrease of \$1,572,210 (7.6%). This decrease occurred during a period of significant rate reductions by the Federal Reserve, which produced declines in market rates. Specifically, the target Fed Funds rate was reduced to 2.00% at [April 30, 2008](#) from 4.25% at [December 31, 2007](#) and the prime rate declined to 5.00% from 7.25% during the same period. These decreases substantially reduced the interest rate charged on loans which are indexed to the prime rate or other market rates. Also contributing to the decline in interest income from loans was the level of nonaccrual loans that were carried during the 2008 period as compared to the same period in 2007. Although the amount of nonaccrual loans was approximately the same at September 30 of 2008 and 2007, the average for 2008 was much greater as the decline in economic activity did not begin until the third quarter of 2007. The effect of both of these factors was that the rate earned on loans for the 2008 period was 7.08% compared to 8.62% in the 2007 period. This revenue decline was partially offset by increased interest income on earning assets as average earning assets for the nine months ended [September 30, 2008](#) were \$56,000,000 higher than the average for the same period in 2007.

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Total interest expense for the first nine months of 2008 was \$8,538,628, a decrease of \$1,726,396 (16.8%) as compared to the same period of 2007. The reduction in interest rates had a slower impact on the rate paid on interest bearing liabilities as time deposits maintain their rate until the rate can be adjusted at their maturity date. Additionally, the effect of lower rates was countered by the increase in interest bearing liabilities of \$59,000,000 (18.4%) between the periods. On [September 30, 2007](#), as planned, the Corporation redeemed the \$4,000,000 of Trust Preferred Securities issued in 2002. This action had the effect of reducing both interest expense and the volume of Trust Preferred Securities outstanding.

Contributing to the increase in both earning assets and interest bearing liabilities was a large, temporary transaction, averaging approximately \$20,000,000 for the first nine months of 2008, which was an accommodation to a core customer in which the customer had received funds that were to be used in its business over a six month period ("*customer accommodation transaction*"). The Bank held the majority of these funds in repurchase agreement accounts and invested in short term, liquid collateral at higher interest rates. The increases in both interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities from this transaction have declined significantly as the customer has withdrawn the funds for their intended use. As a result of the current, unsettled economic environment, the customer, during the quarter, altered its funding strategy and is expected to occasionally make additional deposits in this account over the next four to six months, which would keep the asset level elevated for that period of time. This transaction affects several areas of the balance sheet and income statement and is further discussed in other sections of this report.

The result of the changes in interest income and interest expense is a net interest income for the first nine months of 2008 of \$10,682,456, an increase of \$154,186 from the 2007 period. The percentage net interest margin for the nine months ended [September 30, 2008](#) decreased to 3.42% from 3.89% in the same period in 2007. The difference in timing of the effect of lower rates on the assets and liabilities and the increased asset size at lower spreads caused by the customer accommodation transaction discussed above are major factors in this reduction.

Provision for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses totaled \$1,490,000 for the first nine months of 2008 as compared to \$630,000 for the same period in 2007, an increase of \$860,000 or 136.5%. The increase to the Bank's provision reflects the growth of the loan portfolio, historical and current loan losses, the current assessment of nonaccrual loans, and the general economy. For a further, detailed discussion of these changes see [Allowance for Loan Losses](#) below.

Noninterest Income

Total noninterest income for the first nine months of 2008 was \$3,387,582, an increase of \$484,666 or 16.7% over the same period in 2007. Two factors are largely responsible for this increase. The first is the increase in service charges on deposits of \$403,130, or 18.8%. The Bank undertook a review of its service charges in mid 2007 which resulted in increases to several of these fees to current market levels at that time. These adjustments together with the expanded number of market

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areas contributed to the increase in service charges. The second factor is the increase of other noninterest income of \$100,762, or 17.2%. This increase in other noninterest income is primarily attributable to increases in income from financial services (trust, brokerage, and insurance) totaling \$94,000.

Noninterest Expense

Total noninterest expense for the first nine months of 2008 was \$12,185,344, an increase of \$776,679, or 6.8%, compared to the same period of 2007. The increase is primarily the result of the Bank's expansion into the Santa Rosa County, Florida and Baldwin County, Alabama markets. During the fourth quarter of 2007, new facilities were put into service in Summerdale and Spanish Fort, Alabama; and, Jay, Pace and Milton, Florida. Increases in personnel to staff the new facilities added to salary and benefit expense. The increases in operating expenses associated with these facilities produced an increase in occupancy expense of \$224,021 to \$2,109,184 as compared to the same nine month period in 2007. The increase was primarily comprised of depreciation on the new facilities and utilities used in their operation. Other expenses rose by \$395,970 to \$3,664,234. Legal expenses increased by \$164,000, largely attributable to matters relating to a large nonaccrual loan. Additionally, a loss of \$85,000 was incurred in the disposal of a parcel of foreclosed property. Insurance premiums paid to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or FDIC, increased \$113,000.

Income Taxes

Earnings before taxes for the first nine months of 2008 were \$394,694 as compared to \$1,392,521 in the same period of 2007, a decrease of \$997,827 or 71.7%. Income taxes for the period ended [September 30, 2008](#) were a benefit of \$240,273 compared to an expense of \$160,347 for the same period in 2007.

Three Months Ended [September 30, 2008](#) and [2007](#), Compared

Summary

Net earnings for the three months ended [September 30, 2008](#) were \$90,426, a decrease of \$226,562, or 71.45% compared to the same period in 2007.

Net Interest Income

Total interest income was \$6,396,427, a decrease of \$482,219 or 7.0% for the third quarter of 2008 as compared to 2007. This was the result of the decreases in prevailing market rates described previously. Average loans continued to grow during the quarter and increased by \$31.6 million compared with the same quarter in 2007. The average rate earned during the third quarter of 2008 was 5.99% as compared to 7.56% in 2007, reflecting the substantial reduction in interest rates experienced beginning in the first quarter of 2008.

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Total interest expense for the third quarter of 2008 was \$2,617,649, a decrease of \$894,664, or 25.5%, compared to the same period in 2007. Average interest bearing liabilities for the third quarter increased approximately \$69,583,000 to approximately \$382,669,000 as compared to 2007 largely as the result of the customer accommodation transaction discussed above. The average rate paid decreased to 2.71% in 2008 as compared to 4.45% in 2007.

The net interest margin decreased to 3.61% for the third quarter of 2008, as compared to 3.81% for the same period in 2007. The reduction in the margin is a reflection of the reduction in the yield on loans that immediately reprice with movements in interest rates, with a slower reaction in the cost of funds as time deposits are repriced only as they reach maturity and are renewed. The effect of the temporary customer accommodation transaction is a reduction of the percentage net interest margin.

Provision for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses totaled \$750,000 for the third quarter of 2008 as compared to \$240,000 for the same period in 2007. The increased level of both nonaccrual assets and charge offs experienced during the period are responsible for the increase. For further discussion of the provision for loan losses, see the Allowance for Loan Losses discussion below.

Noninterest Income

Total noninterest income for the third quarter of 2008 was \$1,129,871, an increase of \$61,820 or 5.8%. The primary source of the increase was service charges on deposits, as they increased \$78,253, or 9.7%, for the third quarter of 2008 as compared to 2007. This was primarily the result of increased activity as a result of the additional locations and increased instances of account overdrafts in a weakening economy.

Noninterest Expense

Total noninterest expense for the third quarter of 2008 was \$4,234,415, an increase of \$350,558, or 9.0%, compared to the same quarter of 2007. Salaries and benefits increased \$67,929, or 3.2%, in the third quarter of 2008 as compared to the same quarter of 2007. Occupancy expense increased \$60,127, or 9.0%, in the third quarter of 2008. Both of these increases were largely associated with the completion of the new branches discussed earlier that have staff and depreciation expenses in the current period that were not applicable in 2007. Other noninterest expense increased \$222,502, or 20.2%, to \$1,322,475 for the three months ended September 30, 2008. Increases in expenses associated with legal fees due to nonaccrual loans (\$62,000), FDIC insurance costs (\$61,000), communication expenses (\$51,000), loan related expenses (\$20,000), and data processing (\$16,000) contributed to the higher level of noninterest expense for the quarter ended September 30, 2008.

Income Taxes

Earnings before taxes for the third quarter of 2008 were negative \$75,766 as compared to \$310,527 in the third quarter of 2007, a decrease of \$386,293. Income taxes for the third quarter were a benefit of \$166,192 as compared to a benefit of \$6,461 for the same period in 2007.

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[Financial Condition and Liquidity](#)

Total assets on [September 30, 2008](#) were \$464,105,469, an increase of approximately \$6,804,000 or 1.5% from [December 31, 2007](#). The increase was primarily attributable to the increased repurchase agreements of approximately \$20,562,000 and the result of the customer accommodation transaction described above. The ratio of loans (net of allowance) to deposits plus repurchase agreements on [September 30, 2008](#) was 69.7% as compared to 64.2% on [December 31, 2007](#).

[Cash and Cash Equivalents](#)

Cash and cash equivalents as of [September 30, 2008](#) totaled \$27,256,553, a decrease of approximately \$26,863,000, or 49.6%, from [December 31, 2007](#). The decrease was caused by a \$36,000,000 reduction of a seasonal, public funds deposit held at [December 31, 2007](#), which was partially offset by the customer accommodation transaction discussed previously.

[Investment Securities — Available-for-sale](#)

Securities available-for-sale totaled \$111,175,113, a decrease of approximately \$771,000, or 0.7%, over the first nine months of 2008.

[Investment Securities — Held-to-maturity](#)

Securities held-to-maturity totaled \$1,050,000, as the bank purchased a single security in September 2008 and classified it as held-to-maturity.

[Loans](#)

Net loans were \$291,025,684, an increase of \$27,869,883 or 10.6% at [September 30, 2008](#), from [December 31, 2007](#). This growth is a result of the increased presence in the new, higher growth markets and the strategic hires in 2007 of several commercial loan officers, who are now beginning to generate additional loan requests and approvals.

[Allowance for Loan Losses](#)

The allowance for losses on loans is maintained at levels that reflect the historic loss rate on the majority of the portfolio and the difference between the loan balance and the fair value for loans that are considered to be impaired. A loan is considered impaired when it is 1) probable that the Corporation will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreements or 2) the loan terms have been renegotiated to provide a reduction or deferral of interest or principal because of deterioration in the financial position of the borrower. The historic loss rate is adjusted for the effects of: general economy, local economy, trends in nonaccrual loans and past due loans, growth in loans and peer levels of reserves. Loans that are deemed to be impaired are valued either at the present value of the cash flow anticipated or the value of the collateral, reduced by the cost of monetizing. Net charged-off loans for the first

nine months of 2008 were approximately \$2,321,000, as compared to approximately \$332,500 for the same period in 2007. The loans charged off during the first nine months are among those previously identified as a nonaccrual loan by management in accordance with regulatory guidance pertaining to the allowance for loan losses. The foreclosure on one previously identified, nonaccrual loan caused approximately \$1,500,000 of the net charge-offs experienced in the first nine months and resulted in approximately \$1,500,000 being moved from loans to other real estate owned.

The Corporation has procedures in place to identify and deal with problem loans and potential problem loans. It is the goal of the Corporation to identify any problems, to develop and execute strategies to deal with those identified and establish reserves to deal with identified and historic shortfalls. Although reserves may be considered appropriate at a point in time, future events may change the ability of a borrower to pay or the underlying value of collateral. As of [September 30, 2008](#), the reserve level of \$3,150,997 is considered to be appropriate considering the reserves allocated on specifically identified credits and a general allowance based on historic losses adjusted as noted above. This reserve level is equivalent to 1.07% of gross loans. The Corporation will continue to monitor closely the condition of the portfolio and, in the current, uncertain economy, continue with its program to strengthen the level of reserves.

The amount of impaired loans determined under SFAS No. 114 and 118 has been considered in the summary of non-performing assets below. These credits were considered in determining the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses and are regularly monitored for changes within a particular industry or general economic trends, which could cause the borrowers financial difficulties. At [September 30, 2008](#) the Bank had \$8,122,755 of nonaccrual and restructured loans, compared to \$11,710,174 at [December 31, 2007](#).

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Non-performing Assets: The following table sets forth the Corporation's non-performing assets at [September 30, 2008](#) and [December 31, 2007](#). Under the Corporation's nonaccrual policy, a loan is placed on nonaccrual status when collectibility of principal and interest is in doubt.

		September 30, <u>2008</u>	<u>December 31,</u> 2007
		(Dollars in Thousands)	
<u>Description</u>			
A	Loans accounted for on a nonaccrual basis	\$ 6,489	\$ 11,079
B	Loans which are contractually past due ninety days or more as to interest or principal payments (excluding balances included in (A) above)	22	26
C	Loans, the terms of which have been renegotiated to provide a reduction or deferral of interest or principal because of a deterioration in the financial position of the borrower	1,634	54
D	Other non-performing assets (ORE)	<u>4,962</u>	<u>551</u>
Total		<u>\$ 13,107</u>	<u>\$ 11,710</u>

Premises and Equipment

Premises and equipment increased \$1,777,891 during the first nine months of 2008 as the Loxley branch facility was placed in service on [September 15, 2008](#) and construction continued on the Milton, Florida permanent office. The approximate amount anticipated to complete these projects was \$700,000 as of [September 30, 2008](#).

Intangible Assets

As of [September 30, 2008](#) and [December 31, 2007](#), the Corporation had recorded \$934,763 in intangible assets.

Florida Charter — On [July 2, 2004](#), the Corporation acquired a State of Florida banking charter from a financial institution for \$917,263. Subsequent to the purchase, the charter was terminated but the Corporation retained the legal right to branch into Florida through its existing Alabama bank charter. The Corporation accounts for the charter cost as an indefinite lived intangible

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asset because the legal right acquired does not have an expiration date under Florida banking laws and there is no renewal process to keep the branching rights. The Corporation tests the intangible asset each September 30 for impairment. At [September 30, 2008](#), the Corporation operated three branch offices in Florida.

Internet Domain Address — On [March 21, 2007](#), the Bank purchased the rights to the internet domain name www.unitedbank.com for \$17,500. This internet domain is defined as an intangible asset with an indefinite life under FAS 142 and, as such, is not required to be amortized over any period of time.

For the three and nine months ended [September 30, 2008](#) no impairment was recorded related to the intangible assets.

Deposits

Total deposits decreased approximately \$12,809,000, or 3.5%, at [September 30, 2008](#) from [December 31, 2007](#), including decreases of approximately \$1,810,000 in non-interest bearing deposits and approximately \$10,999,000 in interest bearing deposits. The change in deposits has several components. A large public funds depositor has a seasonal deposit relationship, consistent with the collection and disbursement of property taxes, which has deposits increasing to a high balance in December and then declining in the first quarter. The change associated with this relationship between December, 2007 and September, 2008 was a reduction of approximately \$36,000,000. This decline was offset by: deposits from a new public funds relationship of approximately \$10,000,000 and core deposit increases of approximately \$12,000,000 attributable to growth throughout the branch network in the normal course of business.

Repurchase Agreements

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase increased \$20,562,196 to \$61,766,047, or 49.9%, as compared to the balance of \$41,203,851 as of [December 31, 2007](#). This increase is attributable to the Bank's customer accommodation transaction, as described more fully in [Net Interest Income](#) above.

Liquidity

One of the Corporation's goals is to provide adequate funds to meet changes in loan demand or any potential increase in the normal level of deposit withdrawals. This goal is accomplished primarily by generating cash from operating activities and maintaining sufficient short-term assets. These sources, coupled with a stable deposit base, allow the Corporation to fund earning assets and maintain the availability of funds. Management believes that the Corporation's traditional sources of maturing loans and investment securities, cash from operating activities and a strong base of core deposits are adequate to meet the Corporation's liquidity needs for normal operations. To provide additional liquidity, the Corporation utilizes short-term financing through the purchase of federal funds, and maintains a borrowing relationship with the Federal Reserve Bank to provide liquidity. Should the Corporation's traditional sources of liquidity be constrained, forcing the Bank to pursue avenues of funding not typically used, the Corporation's net interest margin could be impacted

negatively. The Corporation's bank subsidiary has an Asset Liability Management Committee, which has as its primary objective the maintenance of specific funding and investment strategies to achieve short-term and long-term financial goals. The Corporation's liquidity at [September 30, 2008](#) is considered adequate by management.

Capital Adequacy

The Corporation has generally relied primarily on internally generated capital growth to maintain capital adequacy. Total stockholders' equity on [September 30, 2008](#), was \$31,819,145, a decrease of \$102,245, or 0.3%, from [December 31, 2007](#). This net decrease is a combination of current period earnings offset by a decrease in unrealized gains on securities available for sale.

The table below sets forth various capital ratios for the Corporation and the Bank. Under current regulatory guidelines, debt associated with Trust Preferred Securities qualifies as Tier 1 capital. At [September 30, 2008](#), Trust Preferred Securities included in Tier 1 capital totaled \$10 million bringing total regulatory Tier 1 capital to \$41,061,181. This results in a risk based capital ratio of 12.88%.

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Corporation and its Bank to maintain minimum total capital (Total Risk-Based Capital) of at least 8% of risk-weighted assets, minimum core capital (Tier I Risk-Based Capital) of at least 4% of risk-weighted assets, and a minimum leverage ratio of at least 4% of average assets. Management believes, as of [September 30, 2008](#) that the Corporation and its Bank meet all capital adequacy requirements to which they are subject.

As of [September 30, 2008](#), the most recent notification from the appropriate regulatory agencies categorized the Bank as "well capitalized" under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as "well capitalized", the Bank must maintain minimum Total Risk Based Capital, Tier I Risk-Based Capital, and leverage ratios of at least 10%, 6%, and 5%, respectively. There are no conditions or events since that notification that management believes have changed the Bank's category.

	September 30, 2008	Well Capitalized Treatment
United Bancorporation of Alabama, Inc.		
Total risk-based capital	12.88%	N/A
Tier 1 risk-based capital	11.96	N/A
Leverage Ratio	8.91	N/A
United Bank		
Total risk-based capital	12.70%	10.00%
Tier 1 risk-based capital	11.78	6.00
Leverage ratio	8.50	5.00

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Based on management's projections, existing internally generated capital and the capital previously raised by issuance of trust preferred securities should be sufficient to satisfy capital requirements in the foreseeable future for existing operations, and for some expansion efforts. Continued growth into new markets may require the Corporation to further access external funding sources. There can be no assurance that such funding sources will be available to the Corporation.

Under the Troubled Asset Relief Program Capital Purchase Program ("TARP"), adopted pursuant to the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008, the Department of Treasury will make up to \$250 billion available to U.S. financial institutions. The Corporation is evaluating its eligibility for, and the desirability of participating in, the TARP.

Off-Balance Sheet items

The Bank is a party to financial obligations with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business. The financial obligations include commitments to extend credit, standby letters of credit issued to customers, and standby letters of credit issued to the Bank by Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta ("FHLB"), which are pledged as collateral to insure public deposits held in the SAFE Program of the Alabama State Treasurer.

The following table sets forth the off-balance sheet risk of the Bank as of [September 30, 2008](#).

	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2008</u>
Commitments to extend credit	\$29,447,000
Standby letters of credit	1,617,277
FHLB letters of credit to United Bank	5,000,000

Item 4T. Controls and Procedures

Based on evaluation of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, the principal executive officer and the principal financial officer of the Corporation have concluded that as of such date the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information the Corporation is required to disclose in its filings under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Corporation in the reports that it files under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Corporation's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no changes in the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 or 15d-15 that occurred during the last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

The Corporation engaged consultants to assist the Corporation in establishing its process for evaluation of internal controls in anticipation of the upcoming effectiveness of regulations under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. There was no change in the Corporation's internal controls over financial reporting during the period covered by this quarterly report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended [December 31, 2007](#).

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits.

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 99.1 Report of United Bank mailed [November 10, 2008](#)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, [the registrant](#) has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

UNITED BANCORPORATION OF ALABAMA, INC.

Date: [November 12, 2008](#)

/s/ [Robert R. Jones, III](#)

[Robert R. Jones, III](#)

President and CEO

/s/ [Allen O. Jones, Jr.](#)

[Allen O. Jones, Jr.](#)

Senior Vice President and CFO

[INDEX TO EXHIBITS](#)

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
99.1	Report of United Bank mailed November 10, 2008

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Dates Referenced Herein and Documents Incorporated By Reference

<u><i>This 10-Q Filing</i></u>	<u><i>Date</i></u>	<u><i>Other Filings</i></u>
	7/2/04	8-K
	1/1/06	
	3/21/07	
	9/30/07	10-Q
	11/15/07	
	12/31/07	10-K, 5
	1/1/08	
	2/12/08	
	4/30/08	
	9/15/08	
For The Period Ended	9/30/08	
	10/10/08	
	11/10/08	
Filed On / Filed As Of	11/12/08	
	11/15/08	
	12/31/08	

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CERTIFICATION

I, [Robert R. Jones, III](#), President and CEO certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of United Bancorporation of Alabama, Inc. (the “*Registrant*”);
 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of [the Registrant](#) as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
 4. [The Registrant](#)’s other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to [the Registrant](#), including its consolidated [subsidiaries](#), is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of [the Registrant](#)’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report based on such evaluation; and
 - (c) Disclosed in this quarterly report any change in [the Registrant](#)’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during [the Registrant](#)’s most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, [the Registrant](#)’s internal control over financial reporting;
 5. [The Registrant](#)’s other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to [the Registrant](#)’s auditors and the audit committee of [the Registrant](#)’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
-
-

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect [the Registrant's](#) ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in [the Registrant's](#) internal control over financial reporting.

Date: [November 12, 2008](#)

/s/ [Robert R. Jones, III](#)

[Robert R. Jones, III](#)

President and CEO

Dates Referenced Herein and Documents Incorporated By Reference

<u><i>This 10-Q Filing</i></u>	<u><i>Date</i></u>	<u><i>Other Filings</i></u>
For The Period Ended	9/30/08	
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CERTIFICATION

I, [Allen O. Jones, Jr.](#), Senior Vice President and CFO, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of United Bancorporation of Alabama, Inc. (the “*Registrant*”);
 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of [the Registrant](#) as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
 4. [The Registrant](#)’s other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to [the Registrant](#), including its consolidated [subsidiaries](#), is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of [the Registrant](#)’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report based on such evaluation; and
 - (c) Disclosed in this quarterly report any change in [the Registrant](#)’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during [the Registrant](#)’s most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, [the Registrant](#)’s internal control over financial reporting;
 5. [The Registrant](#)’s other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to [the Registrant](#)’s auditors and the audit
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committee of [the Registrant](#)'s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in [the Registrant](#)'s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: [November 12, 2008](#)

/s/ [Allen O. Jones, Jr.](#)

[Allen O. Jones, Jr.](#)

Senior Vice President and CFO

Dates Referenced Herein *and* Documents Incorporated By Reference

<u><i>This 10-Q Filing</i></u>	<u><i>Date</i></u>	<u><i>Other Filings</i></u>
For The Period Ended	9/30/08	
Filed On / Filed As Of	11/12/08	

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of United Bancorporation of Alabama, Inc. for the period ending [September 30, 2008](#) as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "*Report*"), I, [Robert R. Jones, III](#), President and CEO of the Corporation, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Corporation.

Date: [November 12, 2008](#)

/s/ [Robert R. Jones, III](#)
[Robert R. Jones, III](#)
President and CEO

Dates Referenced Herein *and* Documents Incorporated By Reference

<i><u>This 10-Q Filing</u></i>	<i><u>Date</u></i>	<i><u>Other Filings</u></i>
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In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of United Bancorporation of Alabama, Inc. for the period ending [September 30, 2008](#) as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, [Allen O. Jones, Jr.](#), Senior Vice President and CFO of the Corporation, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1). The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2). The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Corporation.

Date: [November 12, 2008](#)

/s/ [Allen O. Jones, Jr.](#)

[Allen O. Jones, Jr.](#)

Senior Vice President and CFO

Dates Referenced Herein *and* Documents Incorporated By Reference

<u><i>This 10-Q Filing</i></u>	<u><i>Date</i></u>	<u><i>Other Filings</i></u>
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United Bank remains committed to its core business, which is, has been and will be that of providing the basic activities of banking to our customers. We support this business with a strong capital base and maintain liquidity so that we can meet the financial needs of our customers during these turbulent times. This solid strategy has been rewarded by market share growth. During the past reporting year, our market share in all counties served by the bank has grown from 5.84% to 7.01% placing it 4th out of the 33 institutions. In addition, United Bank was recognized by the FDIC with its "Alliance for Economic Inclusion Award" for financial education and product initiatives.

United Bank ended the third quarter of 2008 with \$464 million in total assets, a 14% increase from the end of the third quarter of 2007. Loans increased by \$32 million during this period confirming the bank's ability to continue to make loans available to its customers even in these unsettled economic times. Total deposits increased \$25 million reflecting growth in all the bank's markets.

Earnings for the period were \$1.1 million reflecting the challenging environment. This represents a decrease from the \$1.9 million earned in the same period in 2007. Net interest margin compression continued to negatively impact earnings through the third quarter. The year- to- date provision for loan losses totaled \$1,490,000 an increase of \$860,000 over the same period last year. Allowance for Loan Losses is \$3,150,997. These actions reflect the bank's commitment to proactively address credit issues while building acceptable strength in the balance sheet.

We are pleased to report the completion of our two newest offices in Loxley, Alabama and Milton, Florida. These facilities strengthen the bank's commitment in these very attractive markets. We appreciate your support of the bank. If we can be of service, please do not hesitate to contact us so we can help meet your financial needs.

Robert R. Jones, III
President & CEO

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
At the close of business September 30
(Unaudited)
(000's)

	2008	2007
ASSETS		
Cash & due from banks	\$ 12,245	\$ 11,933
Federal funds sold	15,012	13,603
Investment securities	112,226	96,851
Loans, net	291,026	259,407
Banks premises & equipment, net	18,586	15,518
Accrued interest receivable & other assets	14,700	10,710
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>463,795</u>	<u>408,022</u>
LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits	356,306	331,469
Repurchase agreements	61,766	30,632
Other borrowed funds	1,882	2,311
Accrued interest payable & other liabilities	2,629	2,650
Total Liabilities	422,583	367,062
Stockholders' Equity		
Class A common stock, authorized 2,500 shares of \$10.00 par value; 2,500 shares issued and outstanding	25	25
Class B common stock, authorized 5,000 shares of \$1.00 par value; 3,000 shares issued and outstanding	3	3
Surplus	13,148	13,083
Retained Earnings	28,036	27,849

Total stockholders' equity

41,212

40,960

TOTAL LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

\$ 463,795

\$ 408,022



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